The Sydney Morning Herald.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. Sydney, £2 per annum; Country, £3 10s.; 10 per ct. discount for payment in advance. | VOL. XXVI. | SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1849. | No. 3877 | CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS. For one inch and under, 2s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.

THE packet schooner MARY ANN will leave the Union Wharf on Wednesday next, 24th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

For freight or passage apply to the master on board; or to

WILLIAM DALTON,
6731 Prince-street.

TO SAIL ON TUESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 23.

THE well known trader JANE WILLIAMS, for Raymond Terrace and Morpeth. For freight apply to the master on board; or to

H. BRODIE,
At Brodie and Craig's Wharf,
6745 Bottom of Bathurst-street.

FOR BROULEE, MERNAGUI, PAMBULA, AND TWOFOLD BAY.

THE Packet Schooner BARD'S LEGACY will leave the Circular Quay for the above ports on Monday next, at 5 o'clock P.M. For freight or passage, apply to the master, on board; or to G. WHITFIELD, Gunmaker, No. 53, King-street West.

Sydney, October 20. 6766

RICHMOND RIVER, PELICAN TREE.

THE SCHOONER RANGER, 57 tons, will sail for the above on Tuesday next. Has room for a few tons of light freight, and passengers.

Apply on board, or to

MR. CROFT,
6689 Commercial Wharf.

FIRST VESSEL FOR MELBOURNE.

THE new clipper packet DART, George Bennett, master, having much of her cargo engaged, will sail with despatch.

For freight or passage, having unrivalled accommodation, with separate state cabin for ladies, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER.
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 6626

FOR MELBOURNE.

THE PACKET BRIG CHRISTINA, Captain W. H. Saunders, will be ready to receive cargo This Day. For terms of light freight only and passengers apply on board; or, to

SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
6646 Sussex-street.

FOR GEELONG AND MELBOURNE,
TO SAIL OCTOBER 25.

THE packet schooner LILLIAS, 140 tons burthen, Roe, master, having the greater portion of her cargo ready for shipment, will be despatched as above. For passage and a few packages of freight, apply on board, or to the undersigned.

JAMES COOK,
Circular Quay, October 17. 6537

FOR LAUNCESTON DIRECT.

THE BRIG PERI, having the greater portion of her cargo ready for shipment, will have immediate despatch.

This vessel has excellent cabins; and a stern cabin for ladies, or families.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Gwatkin, at the Bon Accord Wharf; or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS,
Church-hill.
October 16. 6448

FOR ADELAIDE,
TO FOLLOW THE PHANTOM.

THE well known packet EMMA, Captain William Osborn, will have quick despatch. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation. Apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
6627 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

THE fine fast sailing schooner ANTARES, 131 tons, — Macarthur, master, has nearly all her cargo engaged and will be despatched on the 30th instant.

For freight or passage apply on board, at Moore's Wharf; or, to

THACKER AND CO.
6959 541, George-street.

NOTICE. — Passengers who intend proceeding to San Francisco, California, by the COLUMBINE, Sargeant, master are requested to be on board on Sunday Evening, as she will positively sail on Monday Morning, 22nd instant. 6718

ONLY VESSEL FOR PASSENGERS TO CALIFORNIA NOW ON THE BERTH.

THE GLOUCESTER is now fast filling up; those passengers who have not yet completed their arrangements are requested to call on board at the Circular Wharf to inspect her lofty and well-ventilated 'tween decks.

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
Packet Office, 470, George-street. 6563

FOR "SAN FRANCISCO," DIRECT,
Will sail on the 24th instant.

THE fine schooner PETREL, 100 tons, has room for about ten tons light freight, and about five passengers. For particulars apply to

THORNTON AND CHURCH,
6646 Custom House.

FOR CALIFORNIA DIRECT.

THE fine new schooner GLEANER, of 50 tons burthen, to sail positively on the 27th. Has room for about five or six passengers. As great care has been taken to select the best of provisions, and only a limited number of passengers taken by this vessel, immediate application is necessary, to the Captain, on board; or to

WILLIAM BOYD, Baker,
Erskine-street.

To prevent further trouble, none need apply unless they can pay £15. 6755

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE A1 BRIG LADY HOWDEN, G. H. Chalk, Commander. Parties having engaged freight for the above vessel must have all down by Monday next or it will be shut out.

Passengers who have not paid their full amount must do so on or before Monday, the 23rd, or the berths will be re-let the following day.

W. DEAN,
22, Church-hill.
October 19. 6767

WANTED TO CHARTER.

A SHIP, of not less than 600 tons, for California.

Apply to

THORNTON AND CHURCH,
6716 Custom House.

FOR CALLAO.
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE SPLENDID SHIP SEA, Ebenezer Lawson, commander, will be dispatched for the above Port on the 23rd instant. For terms, apply to the Captain, on board, at the Circular Wharf; or to

SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
6713 Sussex-street.

FIRST VESSEL FOR LONDON.
FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fast-sailing A1 British-built barque VICTORY, 548 tons register, B. Picken, commander. Has only room for a few bales wool, and will sail about the 20th instant.

Has two cabins disengaged, and carries an experienced surgeon. Apply immediately to

ROBERT HOW;
or, to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
October 13. 6362

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF WOOL AT MORETON BAY.

FOR LONDON.

THE fine fast-sailing first class teak-built ship *Mountstuart Elphinstone*, 611 tons, Henry Courtney Loney, commander, will receive any wool ready for shipment for London, during her stay at Moreton Bay. Apply to the Captain, on board; to

F. EBSWORTH;
Or,
J. B. METCALFE,
Sydney.
October 10. 6130

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS FOR LONDON,

THE fine fast sailing first-class teak-built ship MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE, 611 tons, Henry Courtney Loney, commander, will load for the above port on her return from Moreton Bay.

This splendid ship has a spacious poop, with every accommodation for the convenience and comfort of cabin passengers, and carries an experienced surgeon, Dr. Moxey, R.N., who arrived from England in the vessel.

Plans of the accommodations can be seen on application to

F. EBSWORTH;
Or,
6624 J. B. METCALFE.

FOR LONDON.
FOR LIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE FINE SHIP MARY CATHERINE, A1, 345 tons, Isaac Warner, Commander. For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board; to

L. AND S. SAMUEL; or
J. B. METCALFE.
October 11. 6122

FOR LONDON.
FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE first-class British-built barque WEST INDIAN, Robert Mills, commander.

This vessel has good accommodation for passengers, and having all her dead weight on board, will meet with quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Mills, on board; to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER;
or, to
5115 FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.

FOR LONDON.

THE fast-sailing A1 Barque SIR EDWARD PAGET, 600 tons, A. W. Barclay, commander, will have quick despatch. Apply to

FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.;
Or, to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
October 13. 6376

FOR LONDON.
FIRST VESSEL FOR THE NEW WOOLS.
FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE first-class new clipper barque EMPRESS, 405 tons, R. H. Goble, Commander, has now the greatest part of her cargo on board, and will sail about 1st of November.

This fine vessel has very superior accommodation for a few passengers.

Apply on board, at Campbell's Wharf, to

BROWN AND CO., or to
5884 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

FOR LONDON.

THE fine A1 frigate-built Ship WILLIAM JARDINE, 671 tons, William Clement Doutty, Commander.

This splendid ship will be despatched with the first wools of the coming clip, and is now ready to receive cargo.

Passengers are invited to inspect her accommodations which are superior; an experienced Surgeon will be engaged.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Doutty, on board, off Campbell's Wharf; to

ROBERT CAMPBELL, TERTIUS,
Circular Wharf; or to
ROBERT TOWNS,
6561 At his Wharf.

FOR LONDON.

THE fast-sailing A1 Bristol-built Barque JANE CATHERINE, 350 tons register, William W. Wilson, commander, the greater portion of her cargo being engaged, will have immediate despatch. This vessel has excellent cabin accommodations. For freight or passage apply to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS;
Or, to
J. B. METCALFE.
October 10. 6051

FOR SALE,

THE fine new schooner EMMA AND ELIZA, of 50 tons burthen, now lying at Davies's Wharf, with all her sails, running and standing gear complete, and can be sent to sea at one hour's notice.

For further particulars apply to WM. STEWART, Sussex-street; or to GEORGE COLMSON, Market Wharf. 6586

WANTED TO CHARTER,
FOR CALIFORNIA,

A FIRST-CLASS SHIP, of not less than 650 tons.

Apply to

JOHN MACNAMARA.
6711

NOTICE TO MASTERS, OWNERS, AND AGENTS OF VESSELS, AND INSURANCE COMPANIES.

MARSDEN AND CO.'s Fire Engine and Water Tank, the MARY ANN, is now ready to supply vessels with water. The superiority of this tank over all others is easily shown; vessels can be supplied with either fresh water for use or salt water for ballast, and being fitted with two powerful pumps, is capable of forcing water to any height, for the purpose of extinguishing fire.

Orders received by Messrs F. Mitchell and Co., Ship Chandlers, or by M. Dunn, at the Fountain, Dock Yard. 5526

BARQUE SECRET, A1, 372 tons, Henry Hutchinson, commander, having discharged her inward freight, is now receiving dead weight.

For freight or passage apply to

L. AND S. SPYER;
or,
6623 J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine first-class ship SERINGAPATAM, 358 tons, F. Lovell, commander, has commenced loading, and having a large portion of her cargo engaged will meet with quick despatch. Apply to

THACKER AND CO.,
Or to
5127 DONALDSON AND CO.

MANGONUI.
Doubtless Bay, lat. 35·6 S., lon. 137·38 E.
N.E. Coast North Island, New Zealand,
September 17, 1849.

CAPTAIN W. BUTLER begs respectfully to inform Masters of Whalers and other vessels trading to the South Seas, California, &c., &c., that having been located for the last nine years at Mangonui, he is prepared to supply shipping with all kinds of fresh provisions; also with spars and timber of every description for refitting purposes.

The harbour of Mangonui (a port of entry) is known by a high conical peak, situated inland, over the entrance, bearing S E. by S. from the north point of Doubtless Bay, and is perfectly safe, having no hidden danger in any part: the shore may be approached within half a mile in any quarter of the bay with safety. Fifty-four whalers, besides other vessels, have satisfactorily refitted within the last two years.

Captain Butler, who is always on the spot, will be happy to pilot any vessels wishing to make the port.

Captain B. has much pleasure in subjoining the following testimonial kindly furnished by the undersigned gentlemen.

"Brig Margaret.
"Mangonui, Sept. 17, 1849.

"Sir,—Having occasion to touch at New Zealand on our passage from Sydney to California, and having been previously informed of the eligibility of the port of Mangonui, we accordingly made it after a passage of eight days, and now, after upwards of a week's stay, we have much pleasure in informing you of our entire satisfaction, as it regards in the first place the safety and security of your delightful harbour, and in the second place of our grateful approval of the manner in which you have satisfied our wants, and of the urbanity and kindness which we and the passengers of the Margaret have received at your hands.

"We beg to remain, Sir,
"Your obedient servants,
"T. W. CAMPBELL,
Owner Margaret.
"W. B. M'LEOD,
Commander Margaret.
"To Captain W. Butler, Mangonui." 6269

SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE OFFICE.

Conducted according to the usage at Lloyd's, under the direction of a Committee of Underwriters.

LYONS BUILDINGS, 567, GEORGE-STREET.
Hours of attendance from 10 to 4.

SAMUEL H. SMYTH,
Broker.
Sydney, November 3. 86

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Chairman, T. W. Smart, Esq.
Deputy Chairman, Charles Kemp, Esq.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Agars, Esq. | R. M. Robey, Esq.
Thos. Holt, Jun., Esq. | W. R. Scott, Esq.
Surveyor—James Hume, Esq.
Secretary—George King, Esq.

The Directors of the Sydney Fire Insurance Company call the attention of the public to the following reduced Scale of their Rates of Premium:—

SECTION A.—Slated buildings, 6s. to 12s. per cent,

SECTION B.—Shingled buildings, 8s, to 18s. per cent.

SECTION C.—Weather-boarded buildings, 15s. to 30s. per cent.

FIFTY PER CENT. of the Premium will be returned on the renewal, for twelvemonths, on all *yearly* Policies. SO THAT THE ACTUAL *cost of Insurance will be* ONE-HALF *only of the above Rates.*

Application for Insurance to be made to the Secretary, at the Office of the Company, No. 397, Pitt-street.

GEORGE KING,
5789 Secretary

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

APPROVED Bills on Adelaide purchased; and Drafts on the Bank of South Australia issued at the current rate of exchange.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN BLACK,
Cashier.
Bank of New South Wales,
Sydney, September 28. 5364

BANK OF AUSTRALIA.
EQUITABLE PARTITION.

THE Holders of Tickets representing lots in the late partition of the properties of the Bank of Australia, who have not already applied for their conveyances are required to make application for them forthwith; as the Directors will not furnish any conveyance after the 31st day of December next.

By order of the Board,
E. SANDFORD,
Secretary and Cashier.
October 9. 6056

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF GAS.

NOTICE is hereby given, that from the 1st day of January next the charge for Gas supplied by this Company will be reduced at an average rate of ten per cent.

By order of the Board,
R MANSFIELD,
Secretary.
Australian Gas-Light Company's Office.
October 11. 6267

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. GEORGE MOSS, Custom House Agent, has removed his offices from Bridge-street to Reiby House, Macquarie-place, (nearly opposite the Custom House.)

TO LET,

Offices, suitable for a professional gentleman, at No. 233, Elizabeth-street North. 6587

THE undersigned, in returning thanks for the patronage he has hitherto received, begs to inform the public and his customers that he has just received from England the most improved Machinery for making Matches, and has received advice of a constant supply of drugs, and they can now be supplied with the *Silent Congreve Matches*, wholesale, at the reduced and lowest market price, of his agent, Mr. W. CRAGO, King-street, near Stubbs' Auction Mart.

ALFRED CHABOT.
Manufactory,
Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

N.B.—Those using this make of Matches need not be reminded that they are unsurpassed. Packed ready for shipping free of extra charge. 6715

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.

	£	s.	d.
AMOUNT of subscriptions already advertised	602	10	3

(Additional English Subscriptions.)

	£	s.	d.
The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of London	10	0	0
Two Sisters	10	0	0
The Rev. W. Finch, Rector of Warboys, Huntingdonshire	10	10	0
The Rev. G. F. Burnaby, Plungar	5	0	0
The Rev. G. E. Gillett, Waltham	1	0	0
The Honorable and Rev. Thomas Dawnay, Ashwell	1	0	0
Mrs. Ellis, Canterbury ..	1	0	0
William Jeffs, Esq. Bath, (second donation)	1	1	0
The Sub-Warden of St. Augustine's, Canterbury	1	1	0
Farnham (a Widow)....	0	5	0
(Colonial Subscriptions.)			
Mr. Edward Irby, Bolivia, New England	2	0	0
Mr. R. T. Ford	1	1	0
	43	10	0
Total..........	£646	0	3

The Cathedral Committee respectfully request that those Ladies who have been kind enough to comply with the requisition of the Circular dated the 9th June, 1849, will have the goodness to communicate the result of their exertions to the Honorary Treasurer, Robert Campbell, Esq., Fort-street, at as early a period as may be convenient.

J. WILLIAM JONES,
Honorary Secretary.
Sydney, October 15. 6444

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RIGHTEOUS PATH SOCIETY.

FIRST ANNIVERSARY DINNER, to take place at Mr. Harris's, Jew's Harp, Brickfield Hill, on MONDAY, November 5, 5610.

Tickets to be had at Mr. Harris's, and of the Honorary Secretary, 601, Lower George-street.

W. L. PYKE,
6633 Hon. Sec.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PHILLIP WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—Having been requested by a large number of influential electors of Phillip Ward to offer myself as a candidate to represent their interests in the City Council, I have great pleasure in acceding to their request, and pledge myself, in the event of my being elected, to use the utmost of my ability to the benefit of the city, and the above Ward in particular.

I have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your most obedient servant,
JAMES OATLEY.
October 18. 6668

TO THE ELECTORS OF MACQUARIE WARD.

GENTLEMEN,—I feel a pleasure in offering my services to so respectable a constituency as yours, and I shall not insult your better sense by vain and foolish promises.

Whatever principles I may profess, they will all resolve themselves to this—the support of every thing which tends to the public weal.

I regret to observe of late a disposition on the part of many citizens to rail against the Council, generally forgetting, as they must, that their censure directly falls upon themselves, inasmuch as the Council is peculiarly their own creation, and its members their especial choice. But why withhold praise where really due. Most of the members have laboured hard against a sterile soil; and if their culture has been choked by noxious weeds, uproot them for more generous plants. Let all the wards be once properly represented, then neither the constituents nor their representatives need blush for civic misdeeds: then will the finger of scorn fall abashed and powerless, deprived of a fit object to point at, and then, and not till then, will your Council be what it should be, a fair representation of the sense the intelligence of your City.

If time has taught us a wholesome lesson, let us not forget in future that present disgust is the necessary result of past indifference. Set therefore a good example, that others may admire and imitate; and should you come to the conclusion that I am incompetent to serve you there, for your credit sake, as well as the public benefit, you will elect some more fitting men. Do this and my pleasure will exceed my disappointment. I ask no favour, be just and show none. But should you flatter me with your choice, then I faithfully promise to fulfil my duty fearlessly and honestly—uninfluenced by any other consideration than the public good.

And have the honour to be,
Gentlemen,
Your humble servant,
6751 W. REDMAN.

NOTICE TO THE PROPRIETORS OF LAND ON THE ROAD LEADING FROM SYDNEY TO THE DAM AT COOK'S RIVER.

A REQUISITION, signed by eighteen proprietors of land on the parish road leading from Sydney to the Dam at Cook's River, having been presented to the Magistrates in Petty Sessions assembled for the district of Sydney, requesting them to call a meeting of the proprietors of land through which the said road passes, for the purpose of electing trustees for the same. Now, we the undersigned Magistrates in Petty Sessions assembled, do therefore in conformity with the second section of the Act of Council 4 Victoria, No. 12, hereby convene a public meeting of all the proprietors of the said land, which meeting shall be holden at the Police Office, Sydney, before Daniel Egan, Esquire, Presiding Magistrate, assisted by Robert Waland, of Cook's River, householder, and William Haley, of Cook's River, householder, at the hour of twelve o'clock on Tuesday, the 30th day of October next. And we further give notice that the question to be proposed and submitted to the consideration of the proprietors present at such a meeting, shall be whether they the said proprietors deem it expedient or not that trustees should be appointed for the said parish road, under the provisions of the said recited Act.

Given under our hands, at the Police Office, Sydney, the 28th September, 1849.

EDWARD FLOOD, Mayor,
5516 THOMAS BROUGHTON, J. P.

ROAD FROM DAM AT COOK'S RIVER TO GEORGE'S RIVER.

IT having been certified to us, the undersigned Justices in Petty Sessions assembled, that at a Meeting of the Proprietors of Land on the Road leading from the Dam at Cook's River to George's River, holden at the Police Office, Sydney, on the 1st day of October instant, it was deemed expedient that Trustees should be appointed for the said road. We hereby give notice that a Meeting of such Proprietors will be holden at the Police Office, Sydney, before Daniel Egan, Esq., Presiding Magistrate, assisted by Messieurs John Toby Simons and John Brown, Assessors, on Monday, the 22nd day of October instant, from the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon, to the hour of four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing five Trustees for the said Road, conformably to the 2nd section of the Act of Council, 4 Vic., No. 12.

Given under our hands at the Police Office, Sydney, this fourth day of October, A.D. 1849.

EDWARD FLOOD, Mayor.
5796 G. HILL, J.P.

WILL CLOSE THIS DAY.

EXHIBITION AT THE ROYAL HOTEL of Mr. Stevens's Oil Paintings and Engravings. Open from eleven till six. Admission, One Shilling; Catalogues, Threepence. 6695

DAGUERREOTYPE PORTRAITS.

REDUCTION IN PRICE FOR THIS MONTH ONLY.

MR. J. POLACK begs to apprise the public he has removed from Hunter to George-street, and continues to take the above portraits in a very superior style, coloured or in shade, at the very reduced price of 12s. 6d. each, including a very handsome morocco case, or frame.

☞ Private entrance at Polack's Auction Rooms. 5047

CAFE PARISIEN

LE SALON A MANGER of the Establishment is now open to Members (who will have the privilege of introducing a friend). L'Art de Cuisine is conducted by the celebrated Parisian Cook Dusaume.

The first Course will be placed daily on the table at a quarter past one P.M. precisely. 6289

BUDDLE'S LETTERS TO THE REV. CHARLES FUSTIAN.

IN a few days will be published, "Buddle's Letters to the Rev. Charles Fustian, an Anglo-Catholic," reprinted *verbatim* from *Blackwood's Magazine* for June, 1849. PRICE, 6d.

W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Bookseller, Stationer, &c.
485, George-street,
Exactly opposite the Barrack Gate. 6501

THE REAL BUSH LIBRARY!!!

THE WAVERLEY NOVELS, complete, in five volumes, bound in cloth £3 10s., or in separate Novels, as follows:—Waverley, 2s. 6d.; Guy Mannering, 2s. 3d.; Antiquary, 2s; Rob Roy, 2s. 3d.; Old Mortality, 2s. 3d.; Black Dwarf and Legend of Montrose, 2s.; Heart of Midlothian, 2s 9d.; Bride of Lammermoor, 1s 9d.; Ivanhoe, 2s. 6d; The Monastery, 2s. 6d; The Abbott, 2s. 3d.; Kenilworth, 2s. 6d.; The Pirate, 2s. 6d.; The Fortunes of Nigel 2s. 6d.; Peveril of the Peak, 3s.; Quentin Durward, 2s. 6d.; St. Ronan's Well, 2s. 3d.; Redgauntlet, 2s 6d.; The Betrothed and Highland Widow, 2s. 6d.; The Talisman, 2s. 3d.; Woodstock, 2s. 6d.; Fair Maid of Perth, 2s. 6d; Anne of Geirstein, 2s. 6d.; Count Robert of Paris, 2s. 3d.; Surgeon's Daughter, and Castle Dangerous, 3s. 6d.

W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Printseller,
485, George-street,
6630 *Exactly* opposite the Barrack Gate.

PRINTING OFFICE.

FOR SALE by Private Contract, complete, or in lots to suit purchasers, the whole of the PRESSES, TYPES, and Printing Materials of the late *Australian* Newspaper and Job Office. For particulars apply to Mr. S. Lyons, Auctioneer, George-street; or at the Office, 334, Pitt-street, adjoining Dr. Bland's.

N.B.—There is sufficient type, &c., to bring out a paper the *Herald's* size, and every necessary article ready to hand to proceed with at a moment's notice.

October 19. 6705

SIR JOSEPH BANK'S HOTEL,
BOTANY BAY.

Now is the winter of our discontent made glorious summ r.—SHAKESPEARE.

MESSRS. BEAUMONT AND WALLER beg respectfully to remind their patrons of last summer, and the public generally, that the season of the year may now be said fairly to have commenced, when the proximity to Sydney, of such an establishment as the Sir Joseph Banks' Hotel, affording, as it does, so many facilities for enjoyment, may be looked upon as a benefit to the community to whom it is accessible, and earnestly solicit a continuance of favour from their former constituents, and a visit to the establishment by parties to whom it is at present unknown.

That hundreds of persons have lived in Sydney for years who, notwithstanding that tales of a place of which so much have been said and sung, must associate with recollections of their earliest days; and although Botany Bay is but five miles from the city, have been so devoid of ordinary curiosity as never to have gone so far to see a spot of so much interest and importance in the history of the colony, is a most singular fact, and which, away from the immediate locality, would scarcely gain credence. If it were a place entirely devoid of any natural beauties, the circumstance would be at once accounted for; but when, added to its notoriety, it is the most delightful spot in the neighbourhood of Sydney, it does appear strange that such apathy should exist.

To the many Ladies and Gentlemen by whom the establishment has been kindly distinguished, the Proprietors respectfully tender their earnest and most sincere thanks, and beg to assure them of increased exertions on their part to merit a continuance of favour.

A knowledge of the marked success which has attended the Sir Joseph Banks' Hotel has induced the endeavour to found similar establishments by parties who probably have had the capacity to conduct, as well as the means to commence, such an undertaking; but until natural beauties become procurable where they do not originally exist, the Sir Joseph Banks', had it no other claim than the mere circumstance of its situation, must maintain its pre-eminence. Then again, its distance from Sydney is just that which would have been chosen, had distance been the only consideration. The road too is now in most excellent condition, so that the ride or drive may be comfortably accomplished in less than an hour.

With summer comes the necessity for sea bathing, and for the enjoyment of this delightful and healthy practice, a safe and commodious bathing house has been erected, and which, with bathing dresses when required, will be at the service of visitors.

A boat will be kept constantly in waiting for the convenience of parties who would wish to go by water to La Perouse's monument or elsewhere in the Bay; should more than one boat be required, it will only be necessary to give a few hour's notice to ensure their attendance.

More specimens of the natural history of the colony may be seen at the Hotel than at any place else in the world, and the newly-arrived may see there in half an hour more than many of the *old hands* have seen in a residence of many years.

With respect to the wines, spirits, &c., which will be supplied to their patrons, the proprietors deem it a matter of so great importance as to call for a distinct assurance that they have from their commencement recognised the impolicy of buying any but the very best, and they firmly believe that the stock of every description now on hand, will prove incontestibly equal to any ever imported.

Finally—If scenery, the most delightful with the hundred and one means which have been provided for amusement out of doors, combined with a *cuisine* the most delicate the colony can afford, attendance the most prompt and respectful, together with the comforts afforded by a carefully regulated and handsomely furnished hotel, constitute fair claims upon that portion of the community for whom they have been provided, then may it be reasonably expected that the season of 1849—50 will prove the discrimination and good taste of the better portion of the public, and procure for the Sir Joseph Banks' Hotel an amount of patronage hitherto unprecedented.

Communications intended for the Hotel, if left with Mr. Beaumont, builder, 221, Castlereagh-street, will be immediately forwarded. 6685

CALIFORNIA.

THE undersigned is prepared to execute orders for Wooden Houses suitable for California, upon a principle he has just arranged, whereby the House may be taken down and put together again with the greatest facility, without the assistance of any mechanic, and which may be packed in so small a compass as would make the cost of freight about half that of one built of weatherboards.

WILLIAM BEAUMONT,
Builder, Castlereagh-street.

W. B. will undertake to execute any order with which he may be favoured on the shortest possible notice. 6686

WONDERFUL BARGAINS.

GREAT REDUCTION OF PRICES!!

ROBERT APPLETON begs to call the attention of the public to his large, varied, and valuable assortment of every article of

UPHOLSTERY AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

which may be inspected daily, at his extensive Repositories, at the corner of

PITT AND PARK STREETS,
AND
NO. 131, BATHURST-STREET,
Next door to the Edinburgh Castle.

His stock comprises household goods of every description, suitable for the convenience of

ALL CLASSES OF SOCIETY.

And, in order to accommodate them to the depression of the times, he is prepared to offer them at prices which only yield a very trifling profit; but he begs it to be remembered, that the quality of every article is of the same first-rate description as when much higher prices were demanded.

R. A. is prepared to pit his stock against anything in the colony; it consists of sideboards, sofas, chefoniers, tables of every description, wardrobes, secretaires, bureaus, wash-hand stands, chests of drawers, clothes presses, chairs, cane and horse-hair bottomed,—all being made out of the finest and richest woods.

Also,

Liqueur cases, with cut glass fittings; chess tables, with men, carved in ivory, complete; backgammon boards, ladies' work tables, &c., &c., &c.

IN THE UPHOLSTERY LINE

his stock is equally good and extensive.

R. A. also calls the particular attention of the public to his very superior glass case fittings, for jewellers and fancy shops, which he is prepared to supply either new or second-hand, at the same reasonable prices, or to take second-hand furniture in exchange for those goods which have the stamp of novelty about them.

N.B.—A gig for sale—a neat and serviceable turn-out, well worthy consideration.

MARK! ROBERT APPLETON'S
Furniture Repositories,
Pitt and Park streets, and Bathurst-street!!
6710

TO BAKERS AND OTHERS.

A FIRST-RATE Baking Business, and premises if required, to be disposed of—is doing the best and safest business in Sydney. The proprietor takes from forty to fifty pounds ready cash every week.

TO BE GOT A BARGAIN.

For particulars apply to GEORGE WILKIE, London Tavern. 6409

NEVER DESPAIR.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

Copy of a Letter to the Editor of the *Benares Recorder*, published in that paper of the 4th August, 1848.

Sir,—Observing that you advertise "Holloway's Patent Medicines," and having myself derived great benefit from their use, I have no doubt but that you will be happy to make my cure known for the benefit of your many readers, as I think many would avail themselves of so safe and excellent a remedy if they were only aware of their great virtues.

In April last, my duties compelled me to live out in a small tent, and being subjected to great heat and exposure, I was attacked with a violent fever, which for six weeks kept me down to my cot. The quantity of medicine I took from the native doctor would have killed half-a dozen people, but I am sorry to say it had not the effect of removing the fever from me, and nothing, I believe, but a strong constitution prevented me from falling a victim to the disease. My frame was seriously affected, and my strength completely prostrated, so that I had to get away for change of air to the lower provinces; and, wishing to visit my friends in Calcutta, I started for that place in May.

While passing through Meerut, I was advised by a friend of mine (who had also suffered from the same disease) to try Holloway's Medicines, and I consequently bought a box of one and a pot of the other at the establishment of Messrs. Ford and Co., and during the time I have been coming down the river, I have taken ten pills morning and evening, rubbing the ointment, as directed in the pamphlet which accompanied the ointment, over the affected parts of my body. The result has been, I am happy to say, wonderful, for I have actually got fat upon physic; and I find I weigh a stone heavier than I did a few days before I commenced taking the pills, and my appetite is so much improved that I eat heartily three times a day of the most homely fare.

One of my servants got an attack of vomiting and purging, which I was afraid was cholera, at Futtehgurh, but twenty pills administered had a good effect, as the man was quite well next morning.

I was also informed that Colonel Deer, of the 21st Fusiliers, cured himself of an attack of fever with the same medicines.

I intend dropping you another line on my arrival in Calcutta. Wishing your spirited undertaking every success, I am, &c.,

(Signed) W. BAXTER.
Chunar, 1st August, 1848.

AN EXTRAORDINARY CURE OF A DESPERATE SKIN DISEASE.

On the 21st July, 1848, the editor of the *Mofussilite*, newspaper, published in India, inserted the following editorial article in his paper:—"We know for a fact, that Holloway's Pills and Ointment act in a most wonderful manner upon the constitution, as an eccentric Coolie, called Eliza, employed in our establishment, was affected with myriads of Ringworms, which defied all the Meerut Doctors, and promised to devour the poor man before he was under ground; we tried "Holloway" upon him, and in a month he was perfectly restored to his former condition and cleanliness of skin. The effect was miraculous.

Sold by the Proprietor, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and by

J. K. HEYDON,
Wholesale Agent,
78, King-street.

There is a very considerable saving by taking the larger sized boxes and pots.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each pot and box. 1955

CORY'S Balsamic Cordial Mixture is the most effectual remedy ever offered to the public, for the cure of certain diseases, and all complaints of the URETHRA and BLADDER, preventing STRICTURE, by removing entirely in a few days all painful and unpleasant symptoms, at the same time improving the general health and invigorating the constitution. Prepared and sold in bottles at 5s. each, only by W. H. CORY, Surgeon, Kent-street, Church-hill, Sydney, where he may be consulted daily from 10 till 4, and from 7 till 10 in the evening, in all the diseases of the generative system.

☞ COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS supplied on advantageous terms. 6746

GENT'S LISLE THREAD SUMMER HALF HOSE.
EX SIR EDWARD PAGET.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY invite gentlemen to inspect their *Lisle Thread Hosiery*, which having been made expressly to order for summer wear, can be confidently recommended for comfort and durability.

George-street,
6721 Opposite the Post Office.

BLACK BAREGE DRESSES,
EX SIR EDWARD PAGET.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY have opened another lot of *all wool black barege dresses, plain, striped, and checked.*

George-street,
6722 Opposite the Post Office.

CHILDREN'S SOCKS! CHILDREN'S SOCKS!!
EX SIR EDWARD PAGET.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY have just opened a large and general assortment of children's socks, of the following kinds, viz:

Fine white cotton
Super ditto ditto
Best super ditto
Extra fine ditto
Lace ditto
Brown cotton
Coloured ditto
Jenny Lind ditto
Tartan ditto
&c., &c.

George-street,
6740 Opposite the Post Office.

MRS. A. SPEIRS, 492, George-street, three doors from Hunter-street, respectfully intimates to her friends and the public in general, that she has just received by the last arrival, direct from London, fourteen cases, consisting of a choice selection of Fashionable Millinery, of all kinds and qualities of Straws. Tuscans, patent Dunstable, Rice, Pearl, and open Fancies, with cased and drawn Bonnets of different materials, all selected by her Brother, who is in the trade in England, being now ready for inspection at her establishment. 6694

RAILWAY HOUSE, 291, PITT-STREET.
C. S. HAIGH AND CO.,
LATE
B. S. HAIGH.

C. S. HAIGH, AND Co. return their cordial thanks to the public, for the great patronage they have received during the first week of their opening, and beg to state they are now fitting up several upper rooms, as slop and woollen rooms, thereby leaving the shop less crowded for the accommodation of the ladies purchasing fancy and drapery goods.

Bradbury's stock is rapidly disappearing, and those ladies who wish for real bargains, more especially in silks, satinets, organdis, muslins, &c., are solicited to make an early call.

Novelties are being opened from the new stock daily, and a list of prices will shortly appear.

The slops and woollens are being very much reduced in price, and their country and bush friends shall have every attention.

C. S. H. and Co's. purchases being entirely for cash, they must positively decline to give any credit whatever, and no abatement can in any instance be made. 6326

RAILWAY HOUSE.

C. S. HAIGH AND CO.

HAVE OPENED, 300 all Wool Balzarines, the best ever imported, which will be sold at less than London prices

750 Organdie muslins full lengths, at 5s. 7½d. per dress

Black ducapes, 1s. 9½d.; satinets, 2s. 3½d.; superior, 2s 8½d.

A few of Bradbury's fancy silks, 35 per cent. under the usual prices.

The cheapest stock of French kid gloves ever imported. 6548

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NEWS!!!
SYDNEY HOUSE.

J. T. WOODS hastens to announce that having received news that his second monthly shipment being now on their way, and may be almost hourly expected, is desirous of making as much room as possible previous to their arrival, he therefore will offer his present Stock, at an immense reduction on former prices, and to admit of doing so, the premises will be closed on Saturday afternoon, and will open at 10 o'clock on Monday, the 22nd, when a list of prices will be given.

269, Pitt street. 5749

G. CHISHOLM

CALLS the attention of parties EMIGRATING TO CALIFORNIA, to his immense stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Consisting of Colonial Tweed Coats, Trousers and Vests, likewise English made goods, of every name and quality, and at a much lower price than usually sold.

A large stock of white and coloured SHIRTS at a very low price. 3488

W. COLEMAN, 453, George-street, has received by the Kate—

Black lastings
White and brown drills
Bleached and half bleached ducks
Black Orleans and Coburghs
Black crapes
White counterpanes
Coloured and white lenos
Moleskins, flannels, cheesecloth
Silecias, hosiery, haberdashery
And ribbons of every description. 6498

LENEHAN'S IMPORT BONNET WAREHOUSE,
255, (MOFFITT'S BUILDINGS), PITT-STREET.

THE ladies are hereby respectfully informed, that the only lot of really new shaped bonnets and hats (of every variety and size) in the colony, are all now open; they are recommended by the manufacturer as the choicest lot ever sent to the Australian Colonies.

☞ Town and country purchasers will be treated liberally. 6691

BONNETS,
EX SIR EDWARD PAGET.

MRS. SHARKEY respectfully informs the ladies of Sydney and its vicinity, that she has received a varied and beautiful assortment of plain and fancy trimmed Bonnets and Hats, French Ribbons and Flowers.

A good Straw Bonnet-maker wanted. Also, an Apprentice. A premium will be required.

134, George-street South,
6717 Near the Haymarket.

GENTLEMEN'S SHOES.

JUST OPENED, three trunks of gentlemen's plain calf and patent leather *Oxford* and *Tie Shoes*, which will be sold a bargain.

At ILLIDGE'S,
6620 George-street, opposite the Market.

BOOTS and SHOES, from the best makers—

JAMES DAVIES AND SON, LONDON,

for sale at

MR. R. FAWCETT'S,
Auctioneer,
1998 481, George-street.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

CLEARANCES.

October 19.—Mountstuart Elphinstone, barque, 611 tons, Captain Loney, for Moreton Bay, with prisoners and a military guard. Passengers from Sydney—Mr. Kent, Mr. Horsey, and Captain Boyle.

DEPARTURES.

October 19.—Avon, barque, 262 tons, Captain Silver, for Auckland. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Crawford and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Hovenden and three children, Mr. W. Kennedy, Mrs. Silver, Mr. Robert Stephens, and Mr. James Booth.

October 19.—Louis and Miriam, brig, 127 tons, Captain Pilfold, for Auckland. Passengers—Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. Burtt, Mr. Burke, Mr. and Mrs. Wood, Mr. Daniel Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Payne, Mr. and Mrs. Boyd, Mr. James, Mr. Williamson, Mr. and Mrs. M'Kay, Mr. and Mrs. Crawford and three children, one serjeant, and forty-one rank and file of the 58th regiment, two women, and one child.

COASTERS INWARDS.

October 19.—Australia, 45, Williams, from Newcastle, with 70 tons coals; Mary Ann, 52, Williams, from Port Macquarie, with 28 tierces beef, 4 casks tallow, 1 keg and 1 case butter, 2 bundle leather, 1 bundle sheepskins; William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, from Wollongong, with 26 bags wheat, 62 kegs butter, 10 casks ale, 30 pigs, 10 calves, 6 tons bark, 100 hides, 80 sheepskins; Rose, steamer, 172, Pattison, from Morpeth, with 18 bales wool, 12 casks tallow, 127 hides, 46 trusses hay, 57 pigs, 12 calves, 14 bags hams, 2 kegs butter, 17 kegs tobacco, 60 lambs.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

October 19.—Vixen, 46, Palmer, for the Hunter, in ballast; Amelia, 33, Piggins, for Wide Bay, with sundries; Australia, 45, Williams, for Newcastle, in ballast; William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, for Wollongong, with sundries; Mary Ann, 52, Williams, for Port Macquarie, with sundries.

VESSELS LAID ON FOR LONDON.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20.

The following is the amount of cargo on board each vessel, as reported by the captain or chief officer:—

West Indian, barque, 328 tons, Mills; 500 casks tallow, 9000 horns, 70 bales leather, 5 tons hoofs, 200 bales wool, 2700 hides, 2000 treenails, and 39 tons bones, on board.

Empress, barque, 405 tons, Goble; 600 casks tallow, 3000 horns, 3193 hides, 25 tons bones, 180 bales wool, 5000 treenails and 19 bags hoofs on board.

Mary Catherine, ship, 363 tons, Warner; 60 tuns oil, 162 casks tallow, 2780 treenails, 130 tons copper regulus, 8 pieces and 3 cases machinery, 7500 horns, and 2183 hides, on board

Victory, barque, 548 tons, Picken; 900 bales wool, 550 casks tallow, 75 bales leather, 3 casks oil, 3243 hides, 3591 treenails, and 6785 horns, on board.

Ganges, ship, 430 tons, Blanshard: 109 casks of tallow, and 1420 treenails, on board.

Kate, ship, 904 tons, Broderick; not commenced loading.

Secret, barque, 380 tons, Hutchinson: 15 bags bones, 15 bags hoofs, and 450 horns, on board.

Jane Catherine, barque, 350 tons, Wilson: 20 tons tamana wood, and 22 casks tallow, on board.

Woodstock, barque, 300 tons, Nicholson; not commenced loading.

Seringapatam, ship, 358 tons, Lovell: 12 casks tallow, 2 casks and 1 bag lead ore, on board.

William Jardine, ship, 672 tons, Doutty; not commenced loading.

Sir Edward Paget, barque, 482 tons, Barclay; not commenced loading.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will be closed at the Post Office as follow:—

FOR LONDON.—By the Victory, on Monday evening next, at six.

FOR HOBART TOWN.—By the Emma, this day, at 1 P.M.

FOR ADELAIDE.—By the Antares, this evening, at six.

FOR CALIFORNIA.—By the Sarah Ann and Harrison, this evening, at six.

PORT PHILLIP.

ARRIVAL.—October 9. Eliza, ship, 912 tons, Thomas Pain, commander, from Adelaide, 6th instant. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Mospratt, Messrs. Montefiore, Couper, Lathan, M'Glashan, Dunbar, M'Kechie, Edwards, wife and child, Lonsdale, wife and four children, M'Donald.

DEPARTURE.—October 11. Shamrock, steamer, 200 tons, G. Gilmore, commander, for Launceston.

ADELAIDE.

ARRIVALS.—September 24. Barque Grecian, 228 tons, Hyde, master, from London, the 13th June; schooner Harlequin, 137 tons, Cracken, master, from Oporto. October 2. Barque Orator, 442 tons, Tayt, master, from London and Plymouth, with 116 passengers. October 3. Barque Macedon, 528 tons, Edmonds, from London and Plymouth. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins and two children, Miss Nudon, Mr. Rich, and Dr. Youl, Surgeon-superintendent, in the cabin; and 222 emigrants.

The Mountstuart Elphinstone will leave this day for Moreton Bay, from whence, after landing her prisoners, she will return to Sydney to load for London. The Lima is also expected to sail for the same place to-morrow morning.

The barque Secret is about to go on the Patent Slip to be examined prior to taking in her dead weight for London.

The brig Emma will positively sail this afternoon for Hobart Town; Martin and O'Doherty, the Irish state prisoners, proceed in her.

VESSELS FOR LONDON.—The ships on the berth have been getting on slowly, owing to the scarcity of wool; but, as the new clip has commenced to come in, they will now meet with more despatch. The Victory will be full this evening, and sail on Tuesday morning.

The Eliza, from Port Adelaide, arrived at Port Phillip, reported the Trafalgar from London, having arrived at the former place after ninety-three days' passage.

WRECK OF THE SULTANA, FROM LONDON.—We learn from the Adelaide papers received yesterday via Melbourne, that on the night of Thursday, the 27th September, the Sultana, Captain Billing, a cargo ship, from London June 14th, was running for St. Vincent's Gulf, under close-reefed topsails, topmast staysail, and trysail, and about half-past four o'clock on Friday morning she grounded upon Troubridge Shoal. Subsequently, the ship was lifted over the first reef into deeper water. At about half past seven in the morning, the chief officer and four hands started in one of the ship's boats for Port Adelaide; but, in consequence of adverse winds and tremendous weather, they were only able to reach Glenelg at nine o'clock on Saturday morning. As soon as Messrs. Elder and Co., the consignees, were made acquainted with the particulars of the disaster, they applied to the Government for the steam-tug; but the engines of that vessel not being calculated to permit her employment upon such a perilous service, it was decided, under the advice of the Harbour Master, Captain Lipson, to send the Yatala, Government schooner, and the Camilla, brig, to the stranded vessel as soon as the gale abated; and this decision was carried out with all possible expedition. The Yatala, Government schooner, arrived at the shoals on Monday morning (October 1), and found the Sultana ashore, about three miles to the southward of Dry Island, bilged and full of water. The captain, from over-exertion, had been taken ill, and was lying dangerously so on the island, to which he had been conveyed. The ship's bag, containing all the mail she had, was found dry, and taken to Adelaide by the Yatala, along with a large number of packages saved from the wreck. At the time the Yatala left the Sultana the Camilla was lying near the wreck, but had to slip anchor and put to sea during a gale, on Monday night. As the weather had become more settled, she had no doubt returned to render what further assistance she could, and was hourly expected with some additional portions of the Sultana's cargo. The Rosanna, cutter, was engaged to go down to the wreck, in the hope of saving more cargo. The captain and crew were all safe. The latest advices stated the vessel to have been water-logged. She had no passengers on board, and but few letters and papers. No hopes are entertained of getting her off the shoal.

The Swift, 6, was commissioned at this port on Tuesday, by Commander Aldham, who had charge of the Sphynx; her compliment is to be sixty-six men. She is to be fitted with all dispatch, and is reported to sail in a few days for the Pacific, to be under the orders of Rear Admiral Hornby, and will go by way of the Cape and Van Diemen's Land. The following officers have been appointed to her:—Lieutenant James E. Bickford; Mates—Henry Hawkes, Richard Onslow; Paymaster and Purser, Arthur A. Speed (acting); Second Master, E. Rowe; Surgeon, John H. Patterson.—*Plymouth Paper, June 28.*

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION.

October.		Sun rises	Sun sets	High Water morn	High Water even
20	SATURDAY	5 32	6 28	10 28	10 45
21	SUNDAY	5 31	6 29	11 4	11 22

Moon, 1st quarter, 9 m. past 5 P.M., October 24.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.

THIS EVENING, OCTOBER 20,

WILL be presented the Drama, in 3 acts, entitled PETER BELL, THE WAGGONER; OR, THE MURDERERS of MASSAIC. Felix Durand, Mr. Willis; Baptiste, Mr. Arabin; Peter Bell, Mr. Rogers; Martin, Mr. F. Howson; Amelia, Miss Hart; Catherine, Mrs Guerin. Favourite Song, Madame Carandini. Pas de Deux, the Misses Griffiths. After which, the Interlude of FORTY AND FIFTY; OR, THE LILYWHITES. Mr. Lilywhite, Mr. Rogers; Altamont Fitzwhite, Mr. Hydes; Mrs. Lilywhite, Mrs. Gibbs; Jessy, Madame Torning. Pas de Deux, Madame Torning and Signor Carandini. Song, Mrs. Rogers. Pas Seul, Miss Hart. To conclude with the Extravaganza of THIS HOUSE TO BE SOLD. Chatterton Chopkins, Mr. F. Howson; Shakespeare, Mr. Griffiths; Hamlet, Mr. J. Howson; Mrs. Jarratt, Mrs. Gibbs; Desdemona, Mrs. Guerin.

THE

Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1849.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

THE DESTINIES OF THE COLONY.

IN attempting to speculate on the destinies of this gigantic continent, the most far-seeing intellect would find itself at fault. The history of the past serves only to confuse our conceptions of the future. New Holland was colonised with no other view than that of providing a substitute for the plantations lost to Great Britain by the revolt of America. To those plantations England could no longer banish her criminals; it was therefore deemed necessary to seek some other region wherein her penal discipline might be resumed. Such a region had been found by her great navigator. Its remoteness from the mother-country, the congeniality of its temperature to the European race, the assumed fertility of its soil, and the known magnitude of its territory, combined to recommend New Holland as in all respects eligible for the penal settlement of which the British Government were in quest. To New Holland, accordingly, did the stream of transportation begin to flow; and for fifty years and more did that stream continue to flow without interruption.

But in this as in ten thousand other instances, the wisdom of Providence asserted its superiority over the wisdom of man. The statesmen who selected Botany Bay as a substitute for their lost plantations, and who directed its shores to be occupied for the mere purposes of a roofless gaol, and who sought no higher result than the safe keeping and economical employment of convicted offenders, little dreamt that in so doing they were laying the foundation of a succession of prosperous colonies, whose produce would at no distant day constitute an important element in the resources of the nation. But so it was. The convict was to be the pioneer of the colonist. The penal settlement was to make way for the free province. Botany Bay was to expand into New South Wales; and New South Wales was to be only the first member of a family of Australian states. Van Diemen's Land, Swan River, South Australia, New Zealand, and Victoria, are the undoubted progeny of the penal experiment commenced at Botany Bay. For aught that is known, for aught that history tells, had Botany Bay never been thought of as a nursing mother for British convicts, these several countries would to this day have remained under the exclusive occupancy of barbarian tribes. But because Botany Bay outstripped the narrow objects of its settlement, and gradually opened up the unsuspected capabilities of the vast territories which loomed beyond its prison-house, colonization became attracted to its shores. And because the colonization of New South Wales was crowned with a success at once splendid and surprising, the colonizing spirit became roused to new adventures, and colony after colony was added to the Australasian group.

About forty years have now elapsed since our soil was found capable of producing something more profitable than the grain and vegetables required for convict rations. And the new pursuit which then began to excite attention, and to draw capital from our father land to these immeasurable wilds, and to change the entire aspect of the country, has continued down to the present day to be the chief and almost the only source of our material prosperity. Upon the growth of wool and the breeding of stock the colony then began to wax rich; upon the growth of wool and the breeding of stock its riches are thought still to depend. Of the various articles of colonial produce or manufacture exported from New South Wales in exchange for the productions or manufactures of other countries, our wool even now constitutes full three-fourths of the money value. But the question often arises in thoughtful minds, Is this huge monopoly to be permanent? is its permanency desirable? is its permanency possible? Is our social existence to be for ever dependent upon so frail an animal as the sheep? Is our social well-being always to fluctuate with the rise and fall of the wool market, with the abundance or scarcity of pasture, with the absence or prevalence of catarrh and scab amongst our flocks? Are the vast majority of our sons to be driven into the wilderness, and compelled to earn a scanty and precarious subsistence by looking after sheep and cattle? Is it desirable that our resources should be so stinted, our occupations so vagrant, through all time coming? Is it possible that a community so circumstanced can ever reach any considerable rank in the scale of civilisation? All these questions must be answered in the negative.

And one good reason why they must be so answered is this: nature herself has laid down limits beyond which the multiplication of our flocks and herds cannot be maintained. A careful inquiry into the physical resources of the colony, with reference to this particular point, was instituted in this journal in the early part of the year before last;* and the result was, that, reasoning from well established data, the day seemed not very remote when those limits would be reached. In the article referred to, it was shown, that according to the ratios of increase which had theretofore prevailed, by the year 1857 the number of sheep in New South Wales would amount to 32 millions, and of other live stock to $5\frac{1}{4}$ millions; that for the depasturing of these animals there would be required an area of 231,000 square miles; and that as the whole surface of the colony, available for pastoral uses, could not be estimated at more than 230,000 square miles, the consequence would be, that in that year the stock would be more than the land could bear. It was shown further, that by the year 1867 the sheep and other stock of this colony alone, independently of those of Southern and Western Australia, would exceed 145 millions, requiring 875,000 square miles of pasturage, or about one-third of the entire area of the New Holland continent.

These results, after making ample allowance for those disturbing causes to which the elements of such calculations are always liable, must be looked upon as sufficiently astounding. If there be any truth in our official returns, if there be any fairness in the representations of our graziers as to the breadths of land required for the sustenance of stock, and if any reliance is to be placed upon the conclusions mathematically deduced from these premises, then is it a fact established beyond all disputation, that the rate at which our sheep and cattle have heretofore increased cannot be maintained for more than ten years beyond the present time.

But is there not reason to hope, that before those ten years shall have expired the colony will have ceased to depend on wool as her all in all? Her capital and industry are already setting in in other directions. Her domestic manufactures, which nine years ago were little more than *half a hundred*, are now *one hundred and thirty-three*. Her mills, which nine years ago were only *seventy-seven*, are now *one hundred and seventy-two*. Her vineyards, which five years ago comprised only *five hundred* acres, now comprise nearly *a thousand*. Her home-grown wine, which five years ago was less than *thirty-four thousand* gallons per annum, is now more than *one hundred and three* thousand. Ere the next ten years shall have closed, is there not a strong probability that sugar, cotton, minerals, and even the precious metals, may be added to her staple productions? And may we not anticipate the delightful consummation, that our existing resources will be wonderfully extended, and many new resources be brought into affluent activity, by means of that great renovator of the age—Railway Communication?

* See an article headed *"Limits to the Increase of Sheep and Cattle,"* in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of 11th January, 1847.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.—THURSDAY.

BEFORE their Honors the three JUDGES.

THE QUEEN v. BLAND.

Yesterday (Thursday) week, a rule *nisi* was obtained by Mr. Michie on behalf of Robert Lowe, Esq., M.C., calling upon William Bland, Esq., to show cause why a criminal information should not be filed against him on two grounds: first, on the ground that the letter next referred to, was written with the apparent intention of inciting Mr. Lowe to commit a breach of the peace; and, secondly, on the ground, that the same letter was an apparent breach of Mr. Lowe's privileges as a member of the Legislative Assembly, and calculated to intimidate him in the performance of his duty as such member. In support of the application, he read an affidavit of Mr. Lowe's to the following effect:—It stated he was one of the representatives in the Legislative Council for Sydney; that about eleven o'clock yesterday (Thursday) he (Mr. Lowe) received a letter enclosed in an envelope, which was in the handwriting of William Bland, Esquire, of Pitt-street, Sydney. The affidavit further stated that the speech alluded to in the said letter is reported in the second and third columns of the *Herald* of Thursday; that he made such a speech (a general outline of which is contained in the said report,) in his place in the Legislative Council, as a member of that body; and that in making such speech he was not actuated by any private malignity against the said William Bland, but solely by a desire to do his public duty as a member of such Council, with regard to the very important question then under discussion; that he entertained no ill feeling whatever towards the said William Bland; and, lastly, it stated, that he believed the said letter was written and sent with the purpose and intention, in the mind of the writer thereof, to incite the deponent to commit a breach of the peace. To the affidavit was annexed a copy of the *Sydney Morning Herald* of yesterday's (Thursday week's) impression, and the following letter, the one alluded to in the affidavit:—

October 11th, 1849.

Sir,—I have this moment read the report of your speech of yesterday evening in the *Sydney Morning Herald* of to-day, and I feel no doubt that you have used your position in the Council to vent your private malignity against me. I am however recommended not to call upon you for the satisfaction of a gentleman, because you have on more occasions than one (where the claim for reparation was, from the nature of the insult inflicted, even stronger than in this case) in a manner the most cowardly evaded it. I shall therefore content myself with merely expressing my opinion, that you are a coward and a scoundrel, but which opinion I shall be happy to retract, if it is in your nature to give me an opportunity.

I am, Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
W. BLAND.

Robert Lowe, Esq., M.C.

Mr. MICHIE moved to-day to make the rule absolute.

The SOLICITOR-GENERAL said, that he and his friend Mr. Darvall showed cause to the rule; which he now read. Before that rule could be made absolute the Court would have to determine two points, the first being, whether the Court here would leave the prosecutor to his ordinary remedy before another tribunal, or grant him what is asked under this extraordinary jurisdiction; and, secondly, whether the Court saw a sufficient body of evidence that would justify it, sitting as a grand jury, to find a true bill. He said, he never approached a case with greater difficulty than he did this—he had known the defendant many years; he had known him only to be charitable, humane, and good, always ready to assist and promote the interests of the colony generally. After alluding to the discretion the Court would exercise in making the rule absolute, or dismissing it, the learned counsel admitted that members of the Legislative Council must necessarily have the privilege of freedom of speech; yet he would totally deny that privilege was so extensive as accorded to a member of the House of Commons. If a member of the Legislative Council exceeded his privilege, he would be responsible—equally responsible—with a barrister, who travelled gratuitously out of his brief, and made observations traducing the character of a party unnecessarily. He would admit, therefore, that Mr. Lowe had a strict right to entertain any opinion he might think proper, relative to any question before the house; he had a right, too, to object to any particular person to be on the Senate of the proposed University; but he denied that Mr. Lowe had a right to make objections so personal to Mr. Bland, so hurtful to his feelings, as he appears to have done. These he may have made either through want of discretion, or through any other cause; but having made them, they were unwarranted. What right had he, therefore, to come to this Court to seek redress? The learned counsel then read the affidavit of W. C. Wentworth, Esq., M.C., which was to the following effect: It stated that before the sending of the letter in question he was informed by Mr. Bland, and still believes it, that the letter was not sent with any expectation that it would or could excite Mr. Lowe to commit a breach of the peace, but under an assurance that it would not lead to such a consequence; the object of the said letter being sent was ultimately to circulate it, and other matters connected therewith, coextensive with the circulation of the said speech, &c., that the said speech contained many pointed and personal allusions to Mr. Bland, and they were, in the judgment of the deponent, entirely unnecessary for the fair discussion of the principle then under debate, and were prompted alone by personal dislike. This affidavit, said the learned counsel, is the affidavit of an experienced man, and it proves beyond a doubt that Mr. Lowe was indiscreet, and uttered words likely to excite and irritate the feelings of the defendant. The Court, it is to be hoped, will make some allowance for the excitement of the defendant's feelings in doing what followed. This affidavit is not in any way contradicted by anything sworn to by Mr. Lowe. It may be—as it is well known that reporters, exercising a proper discretion, do not report all that may transpire—that the report may not contain all that was said by Mr. Lowe on the occasion. The learned counsel said he would now read the defendant's own affidavit, which stated that he did not address the letter in question with the belief, or the desire, that the said Mr. Lowe could or would be induced thereby to commit a breach of the peace; inasmuch as he was convinced at the time that no circumstance could induce him to be guilty of any such act. That he was of that opinion, because Mr. Lowe had refused to accept challenges in cases where the provocation for such challenges was greater than in this; and therefore he believed that by no possibility could it be productive of such a result, though certain expressions may possibly be twisted to assume such a form. That had he intended such by his letter, he would not have used in it the expressions scoundrel and coward; but on the contrary, would have used the usual and ordinary language on such occasions, and adopted the ordinary mode of sending his letter through a friend. That he was aware at the time he wrote the letter that Mr. Lowe had prosecuted to conviction a gentleman who had sent a letter to him, with a view to cause him to fight. That he wrote the letter with the view to have it published hereafter, and exposing the malignity of the attack made by Mr. Lowe. That the said letter was not written with a view to intimidate the said Mr. Lowe in the performance of his duty as a member. That no act of his life prevented him from being received in the best circles of society. And lastly, that his whole intention in writing that letter is candidly and fully expressed as above stated, and that he had no other intention of any description whatsoever. Here, then, was a full and direct contradiction of the intention imputed by Mr. Lowe in the sending the letter in question. The learned counsel then alluded to the practice of duelling so much in vogue years past, showing that it was years ago compulsory on a gentleman in the army or navy to yield to that absurd fashion, or to forfeit his standing in society. The learned counsel said, the prosecutor had never refused to sit in the House with the defendant, because he happened to have been sent here for the same offence that the present Chancellor of the same University the learned prosecutor boasts of belonging to, was guilty of, the only difference between the two cases being that the one came before a Court the other did not. But to turn to the report of the speech: the defendant had just cause to complain, when it was considered under what peculiar circumstances he arrived here, to find that his name was associated with that of a person of the name of Luke Dillon, whose crime the very report itself speaks of as execrable. He said, the rule spoke of two grounds, and this fact convinced him that the party who drew it felt that there was not a very clear case against the defendant; so the two grounds were inserted, with the hopes of succeeding on the one, or the other. He said the Court could not make the rule absolute, unless the Court were convinced beyond a doubt, that the intention to commit a breach of the peace was in the mind of the writer of the letter at the time. The evidence on this point he would submit must not be merely such as would satisfy the Court in arriving at the conclusion that there was a fit case for investigation; but the Court must be convinced of nothing short of guilt; and this too not upon a mere balance of evidence. The Court too must look at the evidence adduced on both sides, and then determine the questions of guilt. (The Queen v. Phillips, 6 East.) He would submit, if the evidence were looked at, adduced on both sides, that the defendant was innocent. The prosecutor's evidence consisted only of the defendant's own letter, and an affidavit of his own, to the effect that the letter was written to incite a breach of the peace. He had said nothing in his affidavit about the other ground of the rule; and as the defendant has given evidence on this point, it may be fairly believed that he had none to offer. This ground may therefore be dismissed, as it is entirely unsupported or disproved. As to the letter itself, he was willing to admit that it was libellous—grossly abusive; but he was not to defend it on this ground, nor would he attempt to justify it. The learned counsel then read the letter, sentence by sentence. He admitted the last sentence was somewhat equivocal; but still it was quite consistent with a good meaning. It may mean, for instance, that the defendant would be willing to withdraw the opprobrious epithets, provided the prosecutor would offer an explanation, evincing that he was actuated by a public spirit, and not by a vindictive feeling in what he did; or indeed if he would retract. Taking the letter by itself, it was plain, that it was not written with an intention to incite the prosecutor to commit a breach of the peace; that such was not the intention, is rendered quite certain, when it is read by the light of the defendant's affidavit. For what does the defendant say? He swears that he never intended, never desired or expected such a result; and Mr. Wentworth swears to the same effect. Can it be said then that the defendant ever intended it? The defendant says again, he did not expect the prosecutor to fight, because he knew he had refused to do so on prior occasions. How, again, could it have been expected that the defendant thought even that the prosecutor would have fought, when he was trying to cast the defendant out of the pale of society, because he had once been so engaged? The presumed intention is most amply and fully contradicted. He might, therefore, ask that the Court would pause before making the rule absolute; by refusing to do so the Court would not deny the prosecutor justice being done him; did he still think he was aggrieved, he could go to the Police Office and institute a charge there. He did therefore, trust and hope, seeing that the prosecutor had brought this matter upon his own shoulders,—that he did not come into Court with clean hands—the Court would refuse to make the rule absolute; feeling convinced, as he did, that if made absolute, fifty different juries would and could only acquit his client.

Mr. DARVALL followed on the same side,—contending that the defendant had received the greatest possible aggravation from the manner in which he had been spoken of in the debate; and the more especially in being dragged before the public in connexion with a man of the notorious character that Luke Dillon bore. He next contended, upon the evidence, the Court must think the defendant guilty of having sent the letter in question to the prosecutor, with the intention of causing him to commit a breach of the peace. Under all the circumstances of the case, the Court would exercise a wise and sound discretion in discharging the rule, and in leaving the aggrieved party to seek the more ordinary remedy. During the two addresses, the following cases were cited: The Queen v. Philips, 6 East; Prideaux v. ——, Lofft. 394; the King v. La Rue, 7 A. and E. 277; the Queen v. Lawson, 12 B. 486; Keiley v. Carson, Moore's Reports; the Queen v. Langley, 2 Lord Raymond, and the Queen v. M'Innes, Reserved Judgments.

Mr. MICHIE said, that he did not think it necessary to follow his learned friend, the Solicitor-General, through the long and learned lecture on the practice and etiquette of duelling, with which Dr. Bland in his affidavit had thought proper to treat the Court; nor should he waste any time in the discussion of those exalted authorities, his learned friend's nameless hero of a hundred fights, and the noble lord, who had it seemed on some occasion lent the patronage of his name to the practice of duelling. Respectable authorities, respectable at any rate by rank and position, whatever might be said as to their character or their interests, could be adduced, in connection with almost any charge whatever. In urging such an argument as this, the Solicitor-General reminded him (Mr. Michie) of a well known anecdote of Mr. Henry Hunt. That celebrated demagogue, who had unfortunately another man's wife, was once in the act of addressing a public meeting, when a voice interrupted him with the exclamation of "who lives with another man's wife?" The orator with characteristic quickness, recollecting that he was speaking in the time of George the Fourth, answered "the king." The querist, impressed like the Solicitor-General in the present case, with the illustrious precedent of incontinence, did not further pursue the enquiry, and Mr. Hunt was left master of the field. But the story did not go on to show that Mr. Hunt, like the Solicitor-General, pursued his triumph into the assertion that the vice referred to was either justified, or made more venial, by the high rank of the offender; that improvement upon the story was left to the Solicitor-General. The question for the Court, as the Solicitor-General well knew, was not whether Dr. Bland could refer to illustrious and foolish men, *as precedents for* his own folly, but whether or not his conduct on the present occasion with reference to what was shown to be the facts, and to that which the Court knew to be the law, would admit either of excuse or of palliation. That was the question for the Court; and the Solicitor-General, in expatiating amongst the wide range of topics foreign to the real matter in hand, had, doubtless, for very good reasons of his own, attempted to shift the issue which they had to try. The Solicitor-General had, however, at length, and reluctantly, brought himself to notice somewhat more closely the real facts of the case. He had discussed the terms of Dr. Bland's most scurrilous and abusive letter, and had contended, on the authority of a case quoted, that the terms of that letter were not such as were necessarily calculated to make Mr. Lowe commit a breach of the peace. How had he endeavoured to make this out? The former part of the letter, said the Solicitor-General, is inconsistent with any desire in the mind of the writer to incite to a breach of the peace, and, therefore, although the last passage is ambiguous, and may bear an interpretation more or less unfavourable to Dr. Bland, the Court will not adopt the less favourable construction, when such construction is inconsistent with the scope and meaning of the previous portions of the letter. This sort of reasoning he (Mr. Michie) would admit was quite satisfactory, if the Court could see that there was any propriety in applying the same rigorous rules of analysis towards the construction of an extremely foolish and incoherent production, as would be applicable to a letter, which, in its different parts, were quite consistent with each other. The Solicitor-General would perhaps have the Court to believe that Dr. Bland, in the latter part of his letter, meant this, that if Mr. Lowe would call upon him, Dr. B., and take a *tête à tête* dinner, or a friendly cup of tea with him, he, the doctor, would be happy to retract the opprobrious terms he had used above. Would the Court listen to such nonsense? Was it not plain, so far as the letter had a meaning at all, that the writer meant something like this: If you will be fool enough to step out of the position in which you have a right on every ground of public interest and public policy, to the protection of the law, and if so betraying your duty, you will let me shoot you through the head, I shall be happy to retract the abusive epithets I have employed towards you. It was obvious that the opportunity asked for, was a hostile opportunity; if not, that part of the letter was flat nonsense. Was not the letter then calculated, to make the party, to whom it was sent, commit a breach of the peace? Was it not, moreover, calculated to intimidate a member of Council in the performance of his duty? He (Mr. Michie) apprehended, that amongst reasonable minds there could be but one answer to these questions; and therefore he would not take up more time in their discussion. The next matter for their enquiry, then, was—whether these facts made the offender amenable to a criminal information? The case of the King v. Phillips, in 6 East., decided by Lord Ellenborough, was in point. What, then, had Dr. Bland, in the affidavits he had put forward, relied on for procuring a discharge of this rule? He put forward statements and insinuations in his own and in his zealous friend's (Mr. Wentworth) affidavit, which so far from extenuating, were a gross and impudent aggravation of the original offence, and in every way unbecoming the situation in which Dr. Bland then stood before that Court. With such very moderate powers of irony and sarcasm as these deponents had received from nature, they, in a roundabout and covert manner, did their best to insult Mr. Lowe, even in their affidavits; they attributed to him the meanest, and lowest, and least worthy motives in refusing to commit the gross breach of duty Dr. Bland would have invited him to; and these were the affidavits on which cause was shown *against* this rule being made absolute. If such conduct were to prevail; if it could meet with toleration for one moment, all he (Mr. Michie) could say was, that a member of Council, when honestly and intrepidly performing his duty, by the public he represented, need not look for protection and support in that Court. But it could not prevail, for it must meet with condemnation by every honest and dispassionate mind. He had shown the commission of the offence, the application of the law to that offence, and he would now, lastly, and as shortly as possible, enquire whether Mr. Lowe had himself said or done anything unbecoming a member of Council, or a gentleman, anything in short that entitled the other side to say, in the language used in some of the cases, that he had not come with clean hands into Court, and that he was therefore disentitled to a rule. Now on this point his (Mr. Michie's) learned friends, had with remarkable judgment dealt merely in generalities, they had indulged (especially the Solicitor-General,) in a great number of superlatives, namely, that it was most irritating, most offensive, most provoking, most personal to Dr. Bland, this speech of Mr. Lowe. Where was the evidence of all this? Had the Solicitor-General—usually so ready to underscore anything that would tell,—pointed the attention of the Court to any one passage of the obnoxious speech, which could by any ingenuity of construction be made to support these wild and sweeping charges? Had either of Dr. Bland's counsel thought proper to quote Mr. Lowe's own words against him?

Mr. DARVALL here said that he had done so.

Mr. MICHIE said that this had escaped him at the moment, as his learned friend Mr. Darvall, had only referred to the speech, to misstate,— unintentionally of course,—the effect of it. His learned friend had said that Mr. Lowe had most gratuitously and offensively associated Dr. Bland's case with that of another person whose name it was alleged in the speech, was never mentioned but with execration. This, he (Mr. Michie) denied. In the first place, Dr. Bland's name was never mentioned throughout the speech. In the next place, the passage referred to, in so far as it could be understood by any one to allude to the circumstances of Dr. Bland's case at all, did so, not by way of associating, but as distinguishing his position from that of the more heinous offender. Indeed, the Solicitor-General had plainly been so conscious of this, that he had not read a sentence of the speech to the Court. Nay more, he had so evidently felt that the speech as printed afforded no reasonable ground for irritation to any sensible or reflecting man, that he had suggested to the Court that editors and reporters were a class of men who did not publish the most irritating passages of a speech, and that the Court might infer therefore that much of the irritable matter had been suppressed. Without staying to enquire how it was that Mr. Wentworth's affidavit did not show them, what this supposed suppressed matter amounted to, which must have irritated Dr. Bland so very much, he, Mr. Michie, would content himself with one pretty conclusive remark on that point. Strangely enough, although Mr. Wentworth's affidavit suggested so much more exciting matter for Dr. Bland, than the printed speech, Dr. Bland did not himself, as was plainly shown by his own letter, profess to have any other ground of quarrel than the printed speech,—"I have this moment read the report of your speech," &c., and so on. The Solicitor-General in urging the possible unreported matter of aggravation, had either overlooked, or kept in the back ground, this little circumstance, trusting, perhaps, that it would be overlooked by others. They had, therefore, no difficulty in ascertaining, for Dr. Bland himself enabled them to do so, what was really the irritating matter to Dr. Bland. It was the speech as reported. Let the Court then look to that speech. Let them endeavour to read it with the calm and dispassionate feelings which any stranger might bring to the task, any one uninvolved in the petty animosities of our own little community, and unacquainted with, as well as indifferent to, the personal qualities of either party—let such a person say whether the speech, as reported, contained any one passage of which a gentleman need be ashamed—any passage which the most fastidious critic could condemn, as being deficient even in good taste. Let the Court, however, not only look to the speech, but to the occasion on which it was spoken, and the subject which was at the time under discussion. Without this, no satisfactory judgment could be formed about the matter. It appeared from the speech itself that this question had been forced upon the House—had been under discussion elsewhere; that Mr. Lowe had sought and striven in vain to avoid the discussion in public. The question, however, he was obliged to deal with, as he or any other member of Council must deal with any other topic which in the course of legislative business comes before them. The composition of the Senate of a projected colonial University was the subject. The propriety or impropriety, the policy or impolicy, of admitting persons to that Senate, who had suffered a sentence of the law, was the question under discussion. In this speech Mr. Lowe had,—as he had not only a right to do, but as was his duty to do,—plainly, vigorously, and without any personality whatsoever, argued against the principle of admitting any of the class of persons alluded to, to any such situation. Mr. Lowe might be wrong, perhaps he was wrong. He might not be possessed of that large endowment of undistinguishing philanthropy, which apparently enabled the Solicitor-General to condemn Mr. Lowe's deficient liberality, and excessive refinement. But whether Mr. Lowe was right or wrong, was not the question. The question touching Mr. Lowe's conduct was, as he (Mr. Michie) submitted, this; had he discussed the subject as became a gentleman, and a member of Council? If so, Mr. Lowe's freedom from blame, would be the severest condemnation of his assailant. It had been broadly insinuated that Mr. Lowe had gone out of his way, to gratify personal ill will towards Dr. Bland. Where was the evidence of this? For aught he (Mr. Michie) knew, Mr. Lowe might entertain personal dislike or contempt for Dr. Bland: such a feeling was quite possible. If, however, any such feeling really existed, all that could be said was, that Mr. Lowe appeared conscientiously to have struggled, and struggled most successfully in preventing the slightest indication of its appearance in the speech. If then this speech was thus free from blame, what did the conduct of Dr. Bland amount to? Not to the pardonable case contended for by the other side, in which they had attempted to show, it as a good man sensitive about his honour. Nothing of that kind. It was a man, and a man who from his experience in such subjects ought to know better, rushing into a situation where he had no business; and because, as the common phrase had it, he found the cap to fit, he demanded, for his conduct amounted to no less, that the character or the conduct, the merits or demerits of any particular class, for office or honours, must not be discussed, because he belonged to that class: that is to say, any class or body of persons whatsoever which enjoyed him as a member thereof, should and must for his sake, on his account, be beyond and above the reach of legislative notice or discussion. This was the position of absurdity in which Dr. Bland had placed himself, and the Court would not be able to make more or less of it than an unauthorised intrusion in a matter, with which he had nothing to do, accompanied by grossness of abuse, which he had before the Court deliberately aggravated. His conduct made out both the intents. The case in 6 East supported the one intent; the case of Keily v. *Carson*, decided by the Privy Council, and reported in 4th More, P. C. Reports, made out the other. That case established this, that although a member of a colonial Legislative Council might not possess the ample privileges of a Member of Parliament, he was, however, to be amply protected by the ordinary tribunals from insult and interruption in the performance of his duty. It would be monstrous were it not so. And if the Court could, under all the aggravating circumstances of this case, discharge this rule, they would refer the colony back to the social condition of some of the American States, in which ruffianism and violence were paramount above all law; and then a candidate for a seat in our Legislative Council, when publishing addresses to constituencies, would require to *announce* that in addition to the requisite stock of political opinions and principles, he was possessed of an ample supply of hair triggers and ammunition, for any and every legislative occasion, that should demand the application of such arguments.

Their Honors were upwards of an hour considering their judgment.

His Honor the CHIEF JUSTICE, after stating the terms of the rule, and that one ground of it, viz., that which related to the breach of Mr. Lowe's privilege as a member, must have found its way into it by mistake, and with which he had no hand, thinking as he did, that since the case of Keiley v. Carson, a member of a colonial House of Assembly had no such privilege as members of the House of Commons enjoyed—said there were really only two grounds now to be considered. In deciding them, the question incidentally arose, whether an indictment would lie, for writing a letter containing abusive language, the natural tendency of which would induce a party to commit a breach of the peace, even though it was sworn that the letter was not written with such an intention. His Honor said he was of opinion no indictment could lie, because this was not like a case of murder, or other cases where the question of intention had nothing to do with the commission of the crime, at least not in the mind. The question was, would a Grand Jury, looking at the matter as the Court looks at it, send this case down for trial before a petty jury. The fact that a petty jury might acquit the defendant, had nothing to do with the decision the Court ought to arrive at. A grand jury, however, would not have the same evidence before it, that this Court has. This Court has a peculiar jurisdiction, and takes notice of evidence not admissible before a grand jury. The jurisdiction this Court has, is different to that exercised by the Attorney-General. This peculiar jurisdiction, amongst other things, enables the Court, for instance, to inquire into the conduct and character of the prosecutor; it has also a discretion to exercise, whether under all the circumstances, the prosecutor has so behaved himself, that he is entitled to call upon the Court to exercise this peculiar jurisdiction. The Court, therefore, is to look into the conduct of Mr. Lowe, to see whether he provoked Mr. Bland to do that which he did; and referring to Mr. Lowe's conduct, the Court could only look to the report of the speech complained of, and referred to in the letter. From the letter it was clear that the whole provocation was contained in the report of the *Herald*. The learned Judge said he quite concurred in what had fallen from the Solicitor-General, as to the privilege of a member being confined to what was really in debate, for the purposes of the debate. His privilege of speech, as was also said, extended no further than that of a barrister. To maintain that privilege inviolate, was of the highest importance to all. His Honor then said he had read the report in question, he found the debate was about the University, and he found that the Bill dropped, so that it was likely the question as to the proposed University would be again brought forward. From a careful perusal of that report, he said he was of a deliberate opinion, that in it, Mr. Bland had no just cause of offence whatever. In making this remark he had no hesitation in doing so. The debate turned upon a principle of vital importance to this colony, and to the proposed University, viz., whether persons who had been transported to this colony were eligible to be on the senate. That question was fairly debated, it was argued by Mr. Lowe as a question of principle, and no particular reference was made to Mr. Bland, nor was his name mentioned. His Honor then read two or three passages from the report. It was to be regretted, however, that the word convict was used in the last sentence. With the report, he repeated, Mr. Bland, in his Honor's judgment, had no just ground or reason to find fault. It certainly afforded no provocation to Mr. Bland to write the letter he sent to Mr. Lowe. His Honor said, he, from the Bench, could only recognise Mr. Bland, for the purpose of the debate, as one of those who came to the colony as a convict. Off the Bench, he had the highest esteem for him, for his very good qualities; he knew that his case was a peculiar one, and had been distinguished from others by society here. His subsequent career in the colony entitled him to perfect oblivion and forgiveness for the past. Then as to the letter written by Mr. Bland, it may have been written hastily, but still to his Honor's mind it was one of the grossest and most improper ever penned; it was written too in the absence of provocation,—it was wholly inexcusable. Judging of the letter, according to the maxim that the objects of the acts of a man must be judged of and construed according to their natural probable result, it must be intended that Mr. Bland in writing the letter did so with the intention to incite Mr. Lowe to commit a breach of the peace. That intention may be looked at in two ways,—first, that the writer intended him to fight a duel, or if not that, yet, considering the very galling and insulting nature of the letter, Mr. Lowe might be induced to commit a breach of the peace by assaulting him. Either of these two would be sufficient. His Honor said, he was further of opinion that the intention of the letter was also to deter Mr. Lowe from ever again daring to mention his (Mr. Bland's) name in connection with the University Bill. It must be remembered that the Bill had dropped, but it was more than likely that the debate would be renewed. This question was of deep importance—important to all classes, for all equally had an interest in supporting the due and proper freedom of speech in the Legislative Assembly. Without it there, was an end to whatever liberties we might possess. It was of the utmost importance that every member of Council should enjoy and exercise the right of expressing his honest opinion on every subject without being exposed to gross and flagrant insult. If the Court should not protect men under such circumstances, they would take the law in their own hands, and blood would be shed. Mr. Lowe had, therefore, done quite right in making this application. In conclusion, His Honor said, that having stated the principles on which the Court acted in cases of this kind, and having mentioned the view he took as to the apparent intention with which Mr. Bland's letter had been written, he, the Chief Justice, had only now to state the conclusion to which he had arrived with reference to this rule. Whether Mr. Bland, in writing that letter, had been guilty of writing it with the apparent intentions just mentioned, depended upon the intentions actually passing in his mind at the time. Now, Mr. Bland and Mr. Wentworth both negatived in terms as plain and positive as can be, these intentions. To conclude, therefore, now, in the face of those affidavits, that the letter was written with the intention to incite a commission of a breach of the peace, would be arriving at a conclusion most grievous to Mr. Bland—imputing to him perjury, neither more nor less; and as the oaths of Mr. Bland and of Mr. Wentworth ought to be accredited, the rule must therefore be discharged. His Honor said, he deeply regretted that Mr. Bland and Mr. Wentworth in their affidavits had repeated the insult, by going out of their way to inflict insult by, imputing to Mr. Lowe acts of cowardice. Such a course could not be extenuated; it was highly reprehensible. Considering, however, that the letter was written without the slightest provocation—that the terms used in it were most gross, ungentlemanly, and insulting—that the insult was repeated and greatly aggravated by Mr. Bland's subsequent conduct, a course persisted in up to the last moment, and considering that Mr. Lowe was entirely absolved from the imputation of having given any, the slightest provocation, and that but for the affidavits filed in reply, he would have had the rule made absolute, his Honor was of opinion that the rule, although discharged, must be discharged without costs.

Mr. Justice DICKINSON said that he agreed with the Chief Justice in the conclusion at which he had arrived, and substantially in the observations he had made. He would only add, assuming (for the sake of argument) that the principle contended for by Mr. Lowe respecting the constitution of the senate was valuable—he thought its assertion would have been more satisfactory, had Mr. Lowe more specifically excepted Mr. Bland, and the circumstances of his former offence from any unpleasantness attendant upon the argument; obvious as it is, that the offence of Mr. Bland never did, or ought to have excluded him from the society and station of men of honour, countenanced, *most erroneously*, as that kind of offence has ever been by persons of reputation, and practised as it had been by many most distinguished individuals. But, on the other hand, it is natural to expect that in the haste and excitement of a debate, some qualification of a position may sometimes not be so pointedly expressed as the speaker might have intended.

Mr. Justice MANNING said he concurred in the general result arrived at by the Chief Justice, but would rather concur with Mr. Justice Dickinson in his observations with regard to the report itself.

Throughout the day the Court was thronged with persons of all grades of society, who seemed to take a great interest in the proceedings.

FRIDAY.

Before their Honors the three JUDGES.

DEMURRER.

ROBEY v. MITCHELL AND OTHERS.

The declaration contained counts declaring against the defendants, on promissory notes, of which they were either makers or indorsers.

The defendants pleaded that they as Mitchell and Co. sequestrated their estate, and obtained their certificate. To this the plaintiff demurred.

Mr. BROADHURST appeared in support of the demurrer, which was general, contending that the mere sequestration of the partnership estate was no answer under our Insolvent Acts to the declaration. He said the point now involved was almost similar to that involved in the case of Smart v. Flower, now under the consideration of the Court. It was contended that the defendants were not being sued as partners, but merely as joint contractors, against any one of whom, under a colonial act, the plaintiff might get judgment. The mere fact of the firm being certificated was not enough; the individual members thereof ought to be certificated also, and both facts ought to appear in the plea. Our colonial Acts were founded on the Scotch Acts, and sections from those Acts were cited which would favour the construction contended for. Bell's Commentaries were cited to the same effect.

Mr. DARVALL appeared in support of the plea, contending it was an answer to the action. He said it did not appear that the individual

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members of the firm had any estate, if they had, that fact ought to have been replied. He was willing to admit that the Scotch Acts would bear the construction contended for. In Scotland it was necessary that the Acts should contain such clauses by reason of the difference of the law of partnership obtaining there. The colonial Acts, he contended, contained clauses similar to those in the English Bankruptcy Acts, and to give our Colonial Acts the construction contended for, would in effect repeal several of their clauses. He submitted when the estate of a firm was sequestrated, every thing belonging to the individual members thereof was swept away, and vested in the hands of the assignee, to be marshalled by him amongst the creditors of the firm, and of the individual members thereof.

The Court reserved judgment.

EX PARTE LEWIS SAMUEL AND SAUL LYONS.

Mr. Michie, on behalf of Lewis Samuel, Esq., J.P., moved for a rule *nisi*, calling upon Mr. Saul Lyons to show cause why a criminal information should not be filed against him. It appeared that Mr. Saul Lyons had inserted in the *Herald* on the 11th instant an advertisement in reference to the late insolvency proceedings taken in respect of his estate. In this advertisement he made certain accusations against Mr. Samuel, and which Mr. Samuel swore were libellous, untrue, and likely to injure him in his credit and mercantile reputation. It was said the rule would not be sought to be made absolute, provided an apology, &c., were made. The Court granted the rule, made returnable on the first day of next term.

WALTON *v.* BAYLIS.

This was an action of some importance, and was brought by the plaintiff, a blacksmith and wheelwright, against the defendant, a person of the same trade. It appeared at the trial, before his Honor Mr. Justice Dickinson, during the late sittings, that the plaintiff had an apprentice named Funnell, who bound himself for a certain period, he being an infant at the time (in law) to learn the trade of the plaintiff. Others who professed to be guardians to the so called infant (he being eighteen years of age) together with the infant, executed the indenture of apprenticeship. From the perusal of the indentures, it seemed that the boy bound himself, with the consent of his guardians. During the period of apprenticeship, the boy left his employ, and worked with the defendant, he well knowing that he was the plaintiff's apprentice. The action was therefore brought to recover damages for such harbouring, and the measure of damages sought was the value of the work of the boy during the period he was employed by the defendant. For the defendant, it was contended that the indenture was not valid; but if valid at any time, it was subsequently rendered invalid by the boy's mother dissenting therefrom. Some slight evidence of this latter fact was subsequently offered. His Honor told the Jury that he was of opinion that an infant might bind himself, so long as the mother of the boy did not dissent. He requested the jury to find whether the mother had ever dissented. They found that she did not dissent, and that the plaintiff was entitled to a verdict—damages £14. Leave, during the trial, had been reserved to move the full Court for a nonsuit. Accordingly to-day

The Solicitor-General moved: He submitted the plaintiff ought to have been nonsuited. The indentures in question were made and entered into under the provisions contained in the Colonial Apprentice Act. These provisions in effect said, that if the apprentice had a guardian, that guardian ought to bind the infant. The evidence showed that the boy here had a mother, who was therefore the legal guardian of the boy, and ought to have executed the indentures; not having done so, the boy was not legally bound. That the boy was an indented apprentice was necessarily stated in the declaration, it had been traversed, and as the issue was not proved by the plaintiff, he ought to have been nonsuited.

The Court did not call upon Mr. Broadhurst, who appeared to support the verdict, but held at once that this case came within the case decided lately (Byrne *v.* Nobbs) upon the Colonial Act in question. The verdict would therefore stand.

RUSSELL *v.* CARR.

The notes of the learned Judge who tried this case were then read, and the Court was adjourned.

Business for to-day.—Admission of Attornies. Rules nisi: Doe dem. Wilson *v.* Terry; Doe dem. Devine *v.* Wilson. New Trial Motions: Russell *v.* Carr, and Nye *v.* Evans.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

INSOLVENT COURT.

FRIDAY.

Before W. H. Kerr, Esq., Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates.

In the estates of Peter Ford and Joshua Dyason, adjourned single meetings were held, but nothing was done at either.

NEW INSOLVENT.

Michael M'Cormick, of Windsor, carpenter. Debts, £79 16s. Assets—landed property, £54; personal property, £6. Balance deficiency, £19 16s.—Mr. W. Perry, official assignee.

MEETINGS THIS DAY.

In the estate of William Abercrombie, a special meeting, at half-past 10 o'clock.

In the estate of Francis Matthews, a special meeting, at 11.

In the estate of George Smith Hall, a first meeting, at half-past 11.

In the estate of John Solomon, a first meeting, at noon.

In the matter of the trustees of the estate of John Hosking, a meeting will be held at 2 P.M.

MEETING ON MONDAY.

In the estate of Thomas Hovenden, a first meeting, at half-past 10 o'clock.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

(From late Australasian Papers.)

Mr. Kingston, Secretary of the London Colonization Association, is reported at Melbourne to be an applicant for the appointment of Colonial Secretary of the colony of Victoria. Mr. Powlett, who was formerly mentioned in connexion with this appointment, was said to be likely to receive an appointment as one of the heads of departments, probably the Auditor-Generalship.—Messrs. Bear and Son disposed of a station in the Avoca district, about 130 miles from Melbourne, with 3200 sheep (everything on the station to be taken at a valuation), for £2300, or 14s. 4½d. per head.—We understand (says the *South Australian Gazette*) that Adelaide has been selected, upon the report of Major Twiss, R.E., for the future general ordnance station for these colonies; and that the Commissariat will, in consequence, be removed to this place. A party of forty sappers and miners are expected shortly to arrive, to commence the erection of extensive military barracks, on the site fixed by Major Twiss during his visit two years ago.—In reply to an application from the Town Council of Melbourne for a commission to enquire into the working of the Corporation, the government reply that there is no reason for issuing such a commission.—The following is an abstract of the amount of sales by auction, effected by the undermentioned auctioneers, at Adelaide, during the month of August: Samson, Wickstead, and Co., £8533 2s.; Arthur Fox, £287 18s. 8d.; E. N. Emmett, £1148 6s 7d.; Nathaniel Hailes, £1068 5s. 8d.; Edward M'Cabe, £439 12s. 9d.; Thomas Anslow, £389 3s.; William Hill, £162 5s. 9d; E. Solomon, £4970 3s. 6d.: Total, £16,998 17s. 9d.—Burra Burra shares were quoted on the 4th instant at £157.—Four aboriginal natives have been convicted of murders at Port Lincoln and are to be executed at Adelaide.—At the June meeting of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, the Bishop of Durham in the chair, the sum of £600 was voted to the Bishop of Melbourne towards the erection of schools in Melbourne.

Mr. Stevens's Paintings.—Mr. Stevens intends, at the suggestion of several gentlemen, to open his exhibition next week at the reduced price of sixpence, in order to afford those to whom the higher cost of admittance was an object, an opportunity to inspect his paintings before the exhibition is finally closed. We understand Mr. Stevens is likely to remain in Sydney for the present and practise his profession.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

Mr. J. G. Cohen.—On the premises, O'Connell-street, adjoining the residence of John Smith, Esq., at 12 o'clock, the Messuage and Tenement, as it now stands, to be taken away at the expense of the purchaser.

Mr. Stewart.—At his Stables, York-street. at 11 o'clock, Hooded Phaeton, Double Harness, Carriage and other Horses, open Phaetons, Tandem Harness, Boys' Ponies; at 12 o'clock, the Horse Septimus.

Mr. Stubbs.—At his Mart, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture and Sundries.

Mr. G. Pickering. — On the premises, Ann's-place, Kent-street South, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Glassware, Delph, and Sundries.

The Sheriff—At the residence of — Ray, Church-street, Parramatta, at 12 o'clock, the Stock-in-Trade of a Tailor, Shop Fittings, &c.

The Governor.—His Excellency the Governor, the General Commanding, and about sixty other guests, chiefly heads of departments, were entertained by the officers of the 11th regiment, at a splendid dinner given by them on Tuesday evening last. The company sat down at half-past six, and did not retire until the approach of the small hours. The whole affair is spoken of as one of unusual splendour and festivity.

Wheat. — What with the large stock on hand, and the quantities daily arriving, the price of this article is expected to be further reduced. Advices have been received of three vessels having been laid on at Launceston with wheat for the Sydney market, besides other three almost daily expected to bring a further supply from Port Fairy.

Police Office.—Neither of the three magistrates appointed by the roster for bench duty yesterday were in attendance, nor any other magistrate until half-past 11 o'clock, when Mr. J. R. Wilshire, who was in the neighbourhood of the office, was made acquainted with the circumstance, and came to the relief. Mr. Wilshire sat until four o'clock, when having gone through the business paper, he adjourned the Court. Messrs. Henderson, Josephson, and Lamb have been summoned for to-day (Saturday.)

Dapto, Illawarra.—Mr. David Evans, of Dapto, has been appointed poundkeeper to the pound at Dapto, in the district of Illawarra, vacant by the resignation of John George Bradford.

Glenmore Distillery. — His Excellency the Governor has, by a proclamation in yesterday's *Government Gazette*, directed and appointed the premises known as the Glenmore Distillery, in the police district of Sydney, to be a place at which the business of a distiller may be carried on, under and subject to the provisions of the Act 13 Victoria.

Tickets-of-Leave Cancelled.—The following prisoners of the Crown have had their tickets-of-leave cancelled for the reasons stated against their respective names:—John Matthews, per Hashemy, Grafton, being unable to support himself; Matthew Ryan, per Portsea, Bathurst, for disorderly conduct; William Morrison, per Randolph, Maitland, for disorderly conduct; John M'Leod, per Earl Grey, 2, Parramatta, for being absent from his district; John Bruce, per Earl Grey, 2, Parramatta, for being absent from his district; William Innes, alias Dempster, per John Barry, Sydney, for being absent from his district; Daniel Gorman, per Lord Melville, Yass, for disorderly conduct; Charles Rainsden, per Hashemy, Principal Superintendent of Convicts' Bench, gazetted in error, the 12th instant.

Stealing in a Dwelling.—About nine o'clock on Wednesday evening, Constable Lawless, on duty on the South Head Road, perceived a soldier proceeding before him in the direction of Victoria Barracks, carrying a box under his arm. Having a suspicion that something was wrong he followed, and just as he neared the soldier he stooped and knocked the box against his foot, and on asking what he was carrying received for answer that he had kicked his foot against something which lay in his path, and had picked it up to see what it was. Lawless saw that it was a work box, and took possession of it. The soldier gave his name as James Montgomery. The next day Lawless ascertained that the box had been stolen from the residence of a Mrs. Lancaster; it had not been missed until Lawless made enquiry concerning. Montgomery had been at Mrs. Lancaster's house on Wednesday evening, having left there at about ten minutes before nine o'clock to return to Barracks. These circumstances having been made known to the military authorities, Montgomery was yesterday sent down to the Police Office, and, evidence having been given to the foregoing effect, he was committed to take his trial for stealing.

Burglary.—Early on Wednesday morning the residence of Mr. Fletcher, Richmond-terrace, was burglariously entered by forcing open one of the front windows with a "jemmy," and several articles of wearing apparel, table and other linen, with a plated teapot, stolen therefrom. The property, or the greater part thereof, was found in the course of the day in a quarry near the lower lodge, but no clue has been obtained by which the burglars might be traced.

Robberies.—Between five and six o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, a dressing case was stolen from the bed-room of Mr. Wilmot, residing in King street. The window of the room had been left partly open, and as the dressing case was on a table close by, it presented an opportunity which cupidity could not resist. Early yesterday morning a quantity of linen, and some few other articles, were stolen from the premises of Mr. Smith, at Waverley.

Goats.—Persons having goats would consult their convenience and profit by keeping them at home. The police are vigilantly engaged in putting down the nuisance, and every day several individuals have to make their appearance at the Police Office, in consequence of their neglect in this particular. The lowest penalty is 5s. per head, and the costs 5s. more. Three or four persons had yesterday to pay down 10s. each on this account.

Caution to Hawkers of Vegetables, &c.—The notion seems to have obtained among persons who have procured licenses from the lessee of the market to hawk vegetables, &c., in the streets, that that license would hold them harmless in drawing up their carts to the side of a street, and there transacting business as in a shop, and a great nuisance has consequently for some time existed in some of the streets, particularly George-street, from these parties drawing up to the edge of the footpath with carts, and causing no inconsiderable obstruction by the spreading out of their vegetables, fruit, or poultry, as the case may be. Mr. Stubbs having filed an information against one of these parties, named Whitfield, for having, on Saturday last, caused to be placed upon a certain carriage-way—to wit, George-street—a certain cart, for a longer period than was necessary for the purpose of loading or unloading—for harnessing thereto, or unharnessing the horse, and refusing to remove the same when requested, in contravention of the 16th clause of the Sydney Police Act, the case came on yesterday for hearing. Mr. Nichols conducted the prosecution, and Mr. Redman the defence. Several objections were taken by Mr. Redman, both to the information itself and to the jurisdiction of the Court, but they were overruled by Mr. Wilshire, who held the case to have been proven, and adjudged the defendant to pay a penalty of 5s., with costs 15s. 6d.—or, in default of payment, to be imprisoned for seven days.

Disputed Claims to Leases beyond the Settled Districts, Port Phillip.—His Excellency the Governor has appointed William Piper, Esq., to be a Commissioner for examining and reporting upon disputes respecting boundaries of runs in the Port Phillip district, between claimants of leases, under Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 9th March, 1847.

Brisbane Water.—His Excellency the Governor having deemed it expedient to open and make a certain parish road at Brisbane Water, a survey and tracing, showing the intended line of the road, is now deposited in the Office of the Surveyor-General, and all persons interested therein are requested to transmit, in writing, addressed to the Clerk of the Executive Council, within one month, any well grounded objection which may exist to the formation of the said road, viz.:—a road from Brisbane Water to the Dural and Sydney Road.

Goulburn.—His Excellency the Governor having deemed it expedient to open and make a certain parish road at Goulburn, a survey and tracing, showing the intended line of the road, is now deposited in the office of the Surveyor-General, and all persons interested therein are to transmit, in writing, addressed to the Clerk of the Executive Council, within one month, any well grounded objection which may exist to the formation of the said road, viz.:—the continuation of the line from Goulburn to Yass.

Abduction.—James Hicks was indicted at the Maitland Quarter Sessions for unlawfully taking Susannah Slater, an unmarried girl under the age of sixteen years, out of the protection and against the will of her father, James Slater, at William River, on the 22nd August, 1848. It appeared from the evidence of James Slater and Susannah Slater that Slater was a small settler living on the William River, and that in 1848 the prisoner was working and living with him for a short time; after this, while Slater was lying ill, and Mrs Slater away from home, prisoner came to the house and persuaded their eldest daughter, then thirteen years old, that it was better for her to go away with him than to stop working for her father; she left, and remained with him in the bush for some weeks, when her father met with prisoner, and demanded his daughter; prisoner took him to where she was stopping in the bush, and she went home with her father, but ran away again in a few days, and remained with the prisoner for some months; prisoner then came to Slater to ask his daughter in marriage, and at Slater's suggestion prisoner gave himself up, first telling Slater where he would find his daughter; Slater recovered his daughter again, and since then she had resided with him. Slater deposed positively that he never consented to, or had previous knowledge of, the prisoner's intention of taking his daughter away. The prisoner offered no defence. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment in Maitland Gaol.

PARRAMATTA.

October 19.—Longevity.—One of the old men in the Government invalid establishment here named Thomas Gough, who arrived in the colony by the ship Minerva, a prisoner for life, died on Wednesday last at the advanced age of one hundred and seven years, and was buried in the parish of Marsfield by the Rev. W. F. Gore.

Village of Ryde, Kissing Point.—This healthy and beautiful spot was the scene of vivacity and delight on Monday last, in consequence of the public examination of the scholars of the parochial schools, kept by Mr. and Mrs. Stephens, and attached to the church of St. Ann's, under the superintendence of the Rev. G. E. Turner, incumbent. The examination commenced at an early hour of the day in presence of a goodly number of the inhabitants, especially of the higher branches of society, The children present amounted to about eighty, and the clergyman was assisted by Dr. Foster. The visitors were unanimous in their praises to the master and mistress, whilst Mr. Turner publicly stated that the progress of the children during the last six months (which time only Mr. Stephens had had charge of the school) exceeded his expectation. After the examination the children were regaled with plum cake, tea, fruit, &c., and Mrs. Turner, with the family of Mr. Darvall and other ladies of the village and district, united their efforts to amuse and please the children during the evening.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1849.

IMPOUNDINGS.

Windsor.—October 8: Black and white spotted bullock, DZ near rump, DZ near hip. October 12: White cow, with a white heifer calf, like HG near side. Dark brindle steer, illegible brand near rump, hole in off ear. Red steer, like N near rump. White and yellow heifer, GJ off rump, 6 near rump. Red steer, like WJ on off rump. Red heifer, back and belly white; damages, 6d. each. If not released within twenty-one days from the above dates they will be sold. G. A. Eagar. 11s.

Gundagai.—From Mingay, October 10: Dark brown mare, E near shoulder, star in forehead, two hind feet white, switch tail, saddle marks, off fore fetlock of an iron grey colour, 7 years old, 14 hands high; damages, 2l. 10s. Bay entire colt, unbranded, white on fore and hind foot near side, 2 years old, damages 5l.; the progeny of the above mare. If not released on or before the 4th November they will be sold. T. L. Barrow. 10s.

Bong Bong.—From the estate of J. Holonds. October 10: Chesnut mare, branded J over N 2 under near shoulder, like J in C off shoulder, and K off ribs, under saddle, aged; 15 hands high; damages 2s. To be sold on the 6th November, if not claimed. T. Howcroft. 9s. 3d.

Murrurundi.—From Harbanvale. October 8: White bull, branded SS sideways near shoulder; damages 3d. White steer, red neck, like JK near ribs; damages 3d. Dark chestnut horse, BA near shoulder, TL off side neck, 15½ hands high; damages 3d. Roan coloured horse, H near shoulder, star in forehead, black points, 6 years old, 16 hands high. If not released they will be sold in twenty-four days. J. Ross. 10s. 6d.

Albury.—From the run of J. Dight, Esq. October 10: Chestnut mare, large saddle marks, hind feet white, GS near shoulder, SD off shoulder, aged; 14 hands high; damages 3d. Bay yearling colt, with hind feet white, AJ near shoulder, illegible brand off shoulder, one year old; 12 hands high; damages 3d. Bay filly, hind feet white, AJ near shoulder, M off shoulder, 2 years old; 13 hands high; damages 3d. If not released on or before the 3rd November, they will be sold. J. Bowen. 10s. 3d.

Carowindra. — October 11. Black cow, TM with anchor under off rump, HC and anchor near rump. Spotted cow, J with J across and K off rump, like 2 hip. Brindle steer, 7 near shoulder, illegible brand rump. Yellow-sided poley heifer, like 1F rump and ribs off side, both ears marked. Strawberry cow, JF off rump and ribs. Strawberry heifer unbranded. White poley cow, Th conjoined off shoulder. Spotted heifer calf, unbranded. Red and white spotted steer, illegible brand both ribs. Brindle sided steer, split both ears, illegible brand off ribs. Red steer, very poor, illegible brand off ribs. Spotted poley cow, HT off rump. Blue and white poley cow, P with E under off rump and thigh. Red sided steer, illegible brand off rump. Red poley heifer, white on belly, unbranded. Blue-sided cow, 7 rump, illegible brand off ribs. Rellow-sided heifer calf, unbranded. Black cow TW with TW under near rump and thing, illegible brand off thigh. Brindle bullock, G both ribs. Roan steer, TM off hip and ribs. Red cow, like MD with 2 under off rump. Black and white poley heifer, slit both ears, illegible brand off ribs. Brindle steer, R shoulder and rump, diamond ribs, piece out near ear. Red and white spotted steer, like P off shoulder. Yellow and white speckled poley cow, like 18 off rump. Small strawberry heifer, like 33 off rump. Red poley heifer, PG rump and shoulder. Red heifer, short tail piece off off ear, like JW off ribs. Red poley cow, EIC off rump and ribs. Yellow-sided heifer, top off near err, TD near rump. Yellow poley cow, BR with JB over and EE under off rump, 5 shoulder, like OM ribs, IB rump and thigh, E thigh near side, both ears marked. Red steer, EE rump, illegible brand off thigh. Yellow cow, white shoulder and flank, and illegible brand rump. Brindle steer, HC off hip and thigh. Red and white steer, hole in off ear, bit off near ear, JW off rump. Spotted poley cow, piece off off ear, HC off rump. Strawberry aged bullock, P off rump. Strawberry cow, JF with _ under off rump. Strawberry poley heifer, JF with _ under off rump. Yellow cow, JF off rump. Dapple grey gelding, X under saddle near side, G under the mane off side, [illegible] near shoulder, near hind foot white, and switch tail, about six years old, about fifteen and a half hands high. Bay horse X under saddle, [illegible] on near shoulder, off hind heel white, long tail, six years old, fifteen hands high. Chesnut mare, star and snip, switch tail, saddle marked, E5 off shoulder, and illegible brand under, five years old sixteen hands high. Bay mare, star, long tail, black points, [illegible] on near shoulder, five years old, sixteen hands high. Black entire colt, near hind foot white, long tail, like rJ near shoulder, three years old, fourteen hands high; trespass 6d. each. They will be sold agreeably to Act of Council. J. White. £1 6s. 9d.

Mudgee.—From the estate of W. Lawson, Esq., of Bumbira: Chesnut horse, white star on forehead, white stripe down part of forehead, both hind fetlocks white, JW on near shoulder, saddle marks on back under saddle, healed; damages 6d. If the above horse is not released on or before the 30th of October, he will be sold. J. Finucane. 9s. 9d.

Vanderville.—From Vanderville, by J. Wild, Esq., October 10: Red poley cow, branded on the near hip not legible, near thigh 3 reversed; damages 4d. Red female calf, white face and tail, not branded; damages 4d. Strawberry heifer, apparently off hip AN conjoined; damages 4d. If not claimed on or before November 8, they will be sold. H. Kable. 10s.

Picton.—From Abbotsford, October 13: Black steer, branded on the off hip MC; damages 1s. Brindle working bullock, hoop horns, branded on the near hip IAC, on the off hip illegible brand, on the ribs indiscribable brand; damages 2s. 6d. From Read Bank—Large brindle sided working bullock, large horns, branded on the off hip AT; damages 10s. Blue sided working bullock, back and belly white, brand on the off ribs apparently JCT. Brindle working bullock, the off horn inclined downwards, brand on the off hip apparently W; damages 4d. If the above cattle are not released before the 12th November, they will be sold. A. Walker. 11s. 6d.

Cassilis.—From the estate of E. Hamilton, Esq., Coiaroy, October 9: Bay colt, CH the H within C near shoulder, 31 under saddle near side. Bay colt, CH the H within C near shoulder, 61 under saddle near side. Roan colt, CH the H within C near shoulder, 38 under saddle near side. Bay horse, CP off shoulder, near fore and hind feet whited. Bay colt, EL and C within circle under near shoulder, 6 off side on neck. Bay mare, AC near shoulder, white blaze down the face, two hind feet white. Brown filly, JN and 2 under near shoulder; damages 6d. per head. If not released on or before the 3rd November they will be sold. C. O'Brien. 12s.

Hartly.—From the estate of John Maxwell, Esq., J.P., Littleton, October 15: Chesnut horse, like HP conjoined on the near shoulder, if any others not perceptible, being much seared with the whip, sore wither, very low in condition, lately shod, star on the face, aged, fifteen hands high; damages 3d. If not released in twenty-four days he will be sold. J. M'Cay. 9s. 6d.

Braidwood.—From the estate of D. Coghill, Esq., for trespass on forest land, October 8: Dark grey mare, dark points, like B or 8 near shoulder, like B on off shoulder, fifteen hands high; damages 1s. Dark grey filly, dark points, like B near shoulder, three years old; damages 1s. Bay colt, star in forehead, like JL or AL on off shoulder, two years old; damages 1s. From the estate of St. Omer, Thomas Nowlin, for trespass on forest land, October 12: Yellow bullock, off horn down, top off off ear, like OG near rump and thigh. Red bullock, like illegible brand off ribs. Red and white yearling bull, unbranded. Red steer, white back and belly, like O off neck, slit in off ear. Red steer, brands not visible, slit in both ears. Strawberry heifer, illegible brands off rump. Red sided steer, white back and belly, white face, like O on thigh. Brindle steer, brands not visible. If not released they will be sold at Braidwood, on the 3rd November, to defray expenses. J. Meagher. 14s. 6d.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

The sales of the week have been principally of Teas, Sugars, and Spirits. Wheat and Flour have also changed hands to some extent. Californian Gold Dust has been placed to the extent of 300 to 400 oz., at 67s. 6d. to 67s. 9d. A few orders for the New Zealand market have also been executed, but these come forward rather sparingly. Trade with that place having declined very considerably within the last few months, owing in a great measure to the quantities of goods which have arrived there direct, and also to the number of emigrants who are leaving for California.

Ale—in Bottle—keeps out, and stocks are being fast reduced, even at present high quotations.

Apples—Dried, ex Montauk, are being quitted freely at 46s. 8d.

Brandy—A large parcel has been submitted at a considerable decline, and a further reduction may be looked for on the arrival of lots now afloat.

Candles—Sperm are in demand.

" Stearine are offered from first hands at 150s.

Cigars—Are all in the hands of the trade, and a considerable demand for export for 2 a.

Coffee—No alteration; stocks still limited.

Copper—No alteration; shipments to some extent will tend to relieve the market.

Cordage—English maintains 45s. to 47s. Manila keeps out: stocks are all in second hands.

Currants—Stocks are full; the trade are supplied; but brisk demand retail; 46s. is quoted.

Fish—Herrings, red, in tin, and white in half-barrels—are wanted for export.

Gunpowder—Sporting and blasting are exceedingly scarce.

Iron—Sizes of bar and bolt, boiler plate, and sheet iron are much wanted.

Nails—continue in good demand.

Paper—A large quantity of wrapping paper has been quitted, both privately and at auction, but at a considerable reduction.

Pickles—The sales of pints and quarts continues brisk for export; quotations, 9s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.

Porter—in bottle, continues in brisk demand—in wood, arrivals command a ready sale.

Raisins—There is a full supply, but brisk demand; from second hand, 46s. is quoted.

Rice—1000 bags ex Titania, have been placed with the trade principally; higher rates are now quoted.

Rum—This article moves off slowly at very low rates.

Sugar—Considerable quantities of Pampanga have again changed hands, and stocks held by the largest importers have been much reduced; the trade are bare, but disinclined to accumulate stocks, though aware that much higher rates will be looked for ere the commencement of the ensuing month; the quantity of common ration sugar for sale under 16l. is trifling, and sales are being effected freely of very medium quality. A large quantity of refined sugar is now being manufactured; quotations are 44s. 4d. for consumption, and 12s. for export, which rates completely exclude importations.

Tea—Several sales of hysonskin are reported, principally in small lots, to the trade or for export.

Tobacco.—The market was never more bare of good quality; arrivals of Barret's would command extreme rates.

R HARNETT,
Broker,
3, O'Connell-street.

Sydney, October 20.

SYDNEY MARKETS.—Friday.

Wheat.—There has been but little doing in this market during the week. The millers are offering 3s. 9d. to 3s. 11d. for imported, at which price a few sales have been made. A small lot which had been sent up in mats by the natives of Chatham Island was sold at 3s. The quality is described as good, but was somewhat damaged by damp. Colonial fetches 3s. 8d. to 3s. 11d.

Other Grain.—Maize, 4s. to 4s. 3d; oats, 2s. 6d. to 2s. 9d.; and barley, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per bushel.

Flour.—The millers quote £10 per ton for their best quality, £9 for seconds, and £8 for ration; imported is offered at much less.

Bran sells now at 9d. the bushel wholesale.

Potatoes.—The market is glutted. The last sales of imported were at £4 7s. 6d. and £4 10s. per ton. There are none from Circular Head in the market.

Horses.—Mr. Stewart's sales of horse stock during the week numbered 20 head—10 of which were unbroken, and averaged about £6; the remainder from £9 to £12 per head. At Mr. Armstrong's the sales have been confined to one at 18l., two at 15l., four at 11l., and seven at an average of 6l. Several of those put up at auction by Mr. A. yesterday were bought in at the following figures: one at 25l., two at 15l., two at 12l., and three at 10l. Cart entires have fetched an unusually high price, six having been sold by Mr. Armstrong for the California market at an average of 50l. per head.

Forage.—Very little business is doing in this market. The general price for hay in the early part of the week was 4l. 15s., but several lots sold yesterday as high as 5l. 10s. per ton. Straw fetches 2l. 10s. to 3l. per ton. For green fodder the demand is tolerably good at last week's prices—6d. to 7d. the dozen bundles (taking the entire load.) Bedding, 2s. 6d. to 3s. the load.

Dairy Produce.—Salt butter meets tolerably quick sale at 10d. to 1s. per lb.; cheese, 5d. to 6d.; and bacon 4d. to 4½d. according to sample.

Poultry.—Fowls, 1s. 9d. to 2s.; ducks, 2s. 6d. to 3s.; geese, 4s. to 4s. 6d.; turkeys, 5s. to 7s. per couple.

Eggs are becoming scarce, and have advanced to 7d. per dozen.

Vegetables.—Cabbage are from 6d. to 1s. and cauliflowers from 1s. 6d to 2s. per dozen; turnips from 8d. to 9d., and carrots 1s. 3d. per dozen bunches; peas, 2s. to 2s. 3d. per bushel.

Fruit.—Oranges fetch from 3d. to 6d. the dozen, according to quality; common lemons 2d., and Lisbon lemons 6d. the dozen; loquats, 3s. the basket.

ALARMING PROSPECTS.

To Mr. Punch.

Sir,—We live in awful times, as my late husband remarked at the time of the Reform Bill; but what would he have said now? And what with Prussia, and France, and Red Republics everywhere, and countries never heard of—such as Jellachich, (where can that be, 'Evins only knows)—I am sure one needn't have had that wretch Cuffey and the Physical Force at our own doors, as I may say, and we not to know when one went to bed at night, whether one mightn't wake no more, with a fireball on one's pillow, and turpentine ruining the furniture.

But we have not seen the worst yet, depend upon it; and what's brewing I'm sure it would take a wiser woman than me to tell; but I call upon you, Sir, to explain the awful advertisements one sees every day—which I send parts of one copied straight out of the *Daily News* last week, called the "*Paleontographical Society*"—something *republican*, at the least, if not worse, as one may see by the name. What the intentions of the Society is, I dare hardly guess, but awful they are, and must be—Professors, as they call themselves—especially one Bell who will describe, the *Chelonians of the London Clay*; and what would that mean, but some project for frightening, and burning, and destroying the respectable inhabitants of the Metropolis?

I can't get any information from any body of what these words mean, but depend upon it it's a Society, *and well they know their own meaning* I'll be bound. And there's Mr. Morris and Mr. Lycett, have undertaken for the Society a monograph of the Testacea of the Great Oolite. Who the "Great Oolite" may be, I don't know for certain; but no doubt it's their horrid slang for the Queen, or Lord John Russell, or the Duke of Wellington, or somebody. And a Mr. Rupent Jones there is,—which you will remember, Sir, one Ernest Jones,—who is to deal with the "Entomostraceous Animals of the Chalk Gault and Greensand." Dreadful doings these will turn out to be, mark my words; and I am surprised Government should allow such advertisements. Who knows, one mayn't be an "Entomostraceous animal" oneself? If you can throw any light on these dark doings, which, to say the least, are very suspicious, you will oblige, and very much ease the mind of.

Yours truly,
A LONE WIDOW,
With a small indipendence and ditto family.

The late Presentation at Court.—The conduct of Her Majesty in this disagreeable affair entitles her to the grateful respect of the nation, and the notification in the *Gazette*, involving, as it did, an indirect censure on the Lord Chamberlain and his subordinates, is calculated to prevent the recurrence of any fresh attempts to infringe those admirable rules which Her Majesty has laid down for the purpose of maintaining the purity of the Court. In the reign of George IV., and perhaps, also, in that of his successor, successful attempts had been made in the cases of ladies of high rank to obtain presentations which would not have been permitted by Queen Charlotte in the reign of good old George III. But, although these ladies may still appear at the Court of Queen Victoria, Her Majesty's rules have forbidden the repetition of new presentations of the same kind. In the late case the lady, presented by her sister-in-law, was the wife of a gallant officer, Colonel of one of the regiments of Horse Guards, and as such holding the office at Court of Silver Stick. On a former occasion a similar attempt to introduce the lady, whom he married several years after the birth of their eldest son, had been repulsed. The circumstances of that marriage were notorious, and the question of its efficacy in legitimising their son had been carried from the Court of Session in Scotland to the House of Lords. The Marquis of Dalhousie was next heir to the Colonel's great property, but the decision of the House of Lords affirmed the principle of Scotch law, that as to Scotch property, marriage legitimatizes the previously born children of Scotch parents. When Her Majesty heard of the presentation, the notice in the *Gazette* was published by her order, and the Major of the regiment was invited to dine at the royal table, instead of the Colonel. Had Her Majesty persisted in this course, the Colonel must have resigned both his commission and his Silver Stick. But the Major went off to Scotland on leave of absence, and Her Majesty was pleased to accept of the Colonel's apology, considering that enough had been done as a caution to the Lord Chamberlain, and to those who might hereafter attempt to infringe on the rules of the Court.—*Record, June* 18. [The official notice in the London *Gazette* was in these words, "Lord Chamberlain's Office. The presentation of Mrs. M'Doual to the Queen took place through inadvertence.]

A Yankee editor gives the following as the most approved method of killing a mouse:—Cage him: then read him an account of all the railroad and steamboat accidents which have happened within the last twelve months. As soon as he becomes so frightened as not to be able to stir, draw out his teeth, and he will starve to death.

A secret is like silence—you cannot talk about it and keep it. It is like money—when once you know there is any concealed, it is half discovered. 'My dear Murphy,' said an Irishman to his friend, 'why did you betray the secret I told you?' 'Is it betraying you call it? Sure, when I found I wasn't able to keep it myself, didn't I do well to tell it to somebody that could?'

BIRTH.

At her residence, London Mart, Elizabeth-street, Melbourne, on Tuesday, 9th instant, Mrs. S. H. Harris, of a daughter.

MARRIED.

At Balmain, on the 18th instant, by the Rev. Dr. Ross, Mr. T. H. Way, to Maria, only daughter of Mr. Thomas Wheeler.

NOTICE.—The friends of the late Miss Dillon are respectfully informed that her funeral will take place This Day, Saturday, the 20th instant, at half-past nine o'clock, A.M. The procession will move from her late residence, Alpha Cottage, William-street, Woolloomooloo. 6732

COLOURED DAGUERREOTYPES.

MR. KILBURN (brother to Mr. Kilburn, of London, Photographic Artist to H. B. M. the Queen,) solicits an inspection of his Coloured Photographic Miniatures, at his rooms, corner of Hunter and O'Connell streets, opposite the Union Bank.

Hours of attendance from 12 until 3 o'clock daily. 6417

MEDICAL CONTRACTS—TO THE TRADESMEN OF SYDNEY.

A MARRIED Medical Man, of long standing and *great practical experience* in his profession, and who has *no intention of leaving the colony*, is desirous of entering into contracts with a draper, grocer, butcher, baker, and shoemaker, to supply them and their families with professional attendance and medicine *upon terms of mutual advantage*. Private families contracted with upon moderate terms, and the highest testimonials and references submitted. Address, A Z., (post-paid) *Herald* Office. 6720

R. STEWART having resumed the Upholstery and Undertaking branches of his trade, begs to inform his friends and the public, that he is now prepared to conduct funerals, and execute orders for cabinet and upholstery furniture, on the most moderate terms. A variety of furniture constantly on sale. Corner of Pitt and Bathurst streets. 5869

NO FICTION!!! NO FICTION!!

S. NEWSOME AND CO.

IN consequence of declining business, beg to inform the inhabitants of Sydney and its vicinity, that they have determined to offer the whole of their valuable stock of woollens, linens, slops, and general drapery, at a considerable sacrifice on the English cost.

S. N. and Co. would press upon buyers for California the advantages to them of purchasing at such reduced prices, where they will meet with slops, flannel shirts and drawers, with every article suitable for the voyage, at less than the cost of the material; a lot of hats and bonnets at half price!!

With a large stock of white and coloured stays, twill and regatta shirts, prints, mousseline de laine, muslins, shawls, white and brown calicoes, and a choice selection of French flowers, twenty per cent. under cost price

Ladies are respectfully invited to inspect a very choice and elegant assortment of rich black and coloured glacé and satin visites, of the newest designs, at such prices that will astonish them!

Warwick House, 91, King street.

TO BE LET,

Those desirable business premises, 91, King-street. 6772

ADELAIDE BOOTS.

TO THE LADIES.

JUST OPENED, some of the richest and most chaste black and drab Adelaide boots that have been yet offered to the public.
On sale at
ILLIDGE'S,
6553 George-street, opposite the Market

CALIFORNIA.

PERSONS proceeding to California, can be supplied at low prices with
White shirts of every description, well made
Regatta and Scotch twill ditto
Under shirts and drawers
Sheets, pillow slips, and towels
At SMITH'S
Shirt Manufactory,
4774 37, Park-street.

FANCY BAZAAR, ELIZABETH-STREET.

THE stock of the subscriber has just received an extensive addition by the Seringapatam, consisting of Capshaw's spring handle match cricket bats, Duke's balls and wickets Dark's tubular and other India rubber gloves, spiked soles, leg guards, Thompson's best match bats, scoring paper, and the Laws of Cricket, youths' best match bats, balls, and wickets; vulcanized India rubber balls, best London-made quoits, bows and arrows, quivers, targets and stands, dumb bells, boxing gloves, single sticks, lance-wood cross-bows, with steel bolts; camp stools and chairs, backgammon boards, riding whips, leather reticules and netting baskets, bouquet holders, bassinets, cradles, office and market baskets, billiard balls, pockets, and pool balls; roulette and bagatelle boards and tables, garden and silk fans, rocking and pole horses, chessmen and tables, magic lanterns, military tambourines, accordions, spring guns, life preservers, watchmen's rattles, and fireworks.
J. F. READ,
6735 Fancy Bazaar, 151, Elizabeth-street.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Blonds, Laces, Edgings, Demi Veils, Flowers, Parasols, Gloves and Hosiery, of the newest fashion, and every possible variety, at extremely low prices.
T. COOK AND CO.,
Southern House,
244, George-street,
6747 Brickfield-hill.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—
Tin, IC, IX, IXX
Iron Wire, assorted sizes
Sheet Zinc, Nos. 10, 11, 12
Sheet Iron, single and double plates.
T. WOOLLEY,
6768 George and King streets.

THANKS.

JAMES CLINTON begs to return his most grateful thanks to his customers for their patronage during his continuance in business, and respectfully begs to recommend to their notice his late foreman, Nicholas Pyne, who will carry on the business in same premises.

J. C. also begs to mention that such of his customers as may continue their orders, will be attended to to their satisfaction.

George-street, Sydney, October 20. 6773

FANCY WARE DEPOT,
HUNTER-STREET, RIGHT HAND FROM GEORGE-STREET.

RECEIVED by late arrivals, and on sale by the subscriber, at the lowest remunerative charges:—

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

Consisting of—
Clarionets and flutes, a good assortment
Flageolets, double and single
Violins and horns, various
Guitars
Cornopeans
Accordions
Hunting horns and fifes
Violin, flute, and accordion tutors
Violin and guitar strings

MECHANICAL FIGURES.

Chess-boards and men
Playing cards and Pope Joan boards
Backgammon boards
Dressing cases
Ne plus ultra desks
Cribbage boards

BOHEMIAN GLASSWARE,

Comprising—
Richly enamelled cut green, ruby, and blue vases
Pickle jars
Ruby, alabaster, green, and pink pomatum pots
Green, ruby, and alabaster scent bottles
Toilet baskets
Taper stands
Water bottles, and tumblers, &c.

LADIES' WORK BOXES.

Great variety of fancy Baskets

WORK TABLES.

Leather purses, steel tweezers, fancy cigar cases and pipes, leather reticules and knitting baskets, button hooks, stilettoes, tortoise-shell trinket boxes and baskets, cotton boxes, ivory tablets, card cases, snuff boxes, coral beads, watch-guards, gold, silver, and steel beads, gilt and steel purse fittings, crotchet needles, knitting pins, shirt studs, key rings, India rubber gum rings

FANCY BRUSHWARE.

Jefferies' rackets, cricket bats, large crossbows

ROCKING HORSES

Dissected maps, magnetic toys, Noah's arks, optic toys, humming tops, alphabets, box toys, guns, dinner, tea, and coffee sets, tool chests, money boxes

LARGE MAGIC LANTERNS

Composition, leather, jointed, and wood dolls.
HENRY PARKES,
Hunter-street,
5342 Right hand from George-street.

SARPY, BIRRELL, AND DESPOINTES,
SUCCESSORS TO
R. COWAN,
96 AND 97, KING-STREET,

BEG to inform country buyers and the inhabitants of Sydney, that they positively intend clearing out their large and varied stock of goods at unprecedented low prices.

Silk parasols
5 4 Hoyle's prints
White stays
White and black silk handkerchiefs
Brown hollands
Horrock's longcloths
Grey domestics
Blue serge shirts
Scotch twill and regatta shirts
Men's and boys' colonial tweed coats and trousers
Double stitched moleskin trousers
A great variety of waistcoatings
Men's and boys' blue cloth caps
Manila and Java hats
Black hats
India-rubber and cotton braces
Bottled mustard and sauces
Hair, tooth, and hat brushes
Black lead pencils
Day and Martin's blacking
Lavender water and eau de Cologne
Brown Windsor soap
Castor oil, in quart bottles
Rack and small tooth combs
20 lb., 24 lb., and 28 lb. brown paper
Royal hand and wrapping (various)
Blue and yellow wove post
Foolscap and note paper in great variety
Gold-back playing cards
Mavor's and Fenning's spelling books
Steel pens, all descriptions
A large assortment of ladies' shoes
Ladies' fancy boxes
Looking-glasses
Seaming twine
&c., &c. 6752

EAU DE COLOGNE!!!

ON SALE, by the undersigned, at a reduction of 20 per cent. on former prices, 1000 boxes of "Larbalestier's celebrated Eau de Cologne," which has been pronounced by the most competent judges to be of the most delightful fragrance, and stands unrivalled as an appendage to the ladies' toilet.
A. FOSS,
6531 313, Pitt-street North.

GALVANISED SHEET IRON FOR SHEATHING VESSELS.

THE undersigned have just received a further supply of
GALVANIZED SHEET IRON,
now in general use for sheathing Iron fastened vessels.
E. C. WEEKES AND CO.,
Ironmongers,
5829 450, George-street

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned,—
Crown and patent scythe blades
Hay and chaff knives
B Y sickles. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6
B Y reaping hooks, Nos 3, 4, 5, 6
Scythe strickles and stones
T. WOOLLEY,
6770 George and King streets.

I. O. GLANHAM,
561, GEORGE-STREET,
Next to Mr. S. Lyons'.

HAS ON SALE the undermentioned WINES, SPIRITS, &c.

Champagnes, in baskets and cases, quality very superior.

Clarets, in 1 and 3 dozen cases (brands various)

CORDIALS—CHERRY BRANDY—"NOYEAU"—"ARRACK PUNCH"—"PARFAIT AMOUR," &c., &c.

PORTS, both in wood and bottle, pints and quarts, very superior.

SHERRIES, both in wood and bottle, pints and quarts, in 1, 2, and 3 dozen cases.

BRANDY, pale, in 1 dozen cases, first-class
Ditto, dark, both in wood and bottle
RUM, both in and out of bond
HOLLANDS, ditto ditto.

400 Dozen of BASS' ALE, in 3 dozen casks price 8s. per dozen—no breakage. 6526

WOOLPACKS, 9, 9½, and 10 lbs., for sale, at
MR. R. FAWCETT'S,
Auctioneer,
9197 481, George-street

TO BREWERS.

BOOK ISINGLASS on sale by the undersigned, from 2s. 6d. per pound upwards.
A. FOSS,
6529 313, Pitt-street North.

CORDIALS AND LIQUEURS.

LAVERS AND CO.'S celebrated Cordials and Liqueurs, consisting of—
Norfolk Punch — Brandy Bitters
Noyeau — Gin Bitters
Ginger Wine — Anniseed Cordial
Cherry Brandy — Clove ditto
Rich Rum Shrub — Peppermint ditto
Lemon Syrup
May be obtained wholesale, of any Wine Merchant in Sydney, or of the undersigned in draught or in cases containing one and two dozen each. The celebrity these cordials have attained renders recommendation superfluous.
J. V. LAVERS AND CO.,
335, George-street, Sydney.
August 13. 2522

PAGE'S PORT,
EX LADY CLARK.

ON SALE by the undersigned—
400 Cases Page's Port Wine.
This favourite wine is bottled and packed in Oporto, in one dozen cases, and to suit the convenience of families will be sold by the single case.
E. C. WEEKES AND CO.,
450, George-street,
4542 Near the Post Office.

BASS'S No. 3 ALE.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned, Bass's No. 3 Ale, in barrels and hogsheads, just landing, "Fresh and New," ex Sir Edward Paget. Also, "Dunbar's" Bottled Porter and Ale, by the same vessel, in lots to suit purchasers; with the general assortment of Wines, Spirits, &c., both in and out of bond.
SAMUEL D. GORDON,
3, Bridge-street,
6441 Corner of George street.

ON SALE.—BASS'S No. 3 Burton Ale, October brewing.
10026 THACKER AND CO.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned—
Claret, 1 dozen cases }
Hock, 3 ditto } of the choicest quality
Champagne, 3 ditto }
Also,—
A large and choice stock of Port, Sherries, Madeira, Sicilian, &c., in wood and bottle
Brandy, Martell's }
Rum, West India } both in and out of bond
Case Gin
EDW. W. LAYTON AND CO.,
5873 Bridge-street.

ON SALE at the Stores of the Undersigned—
Wilkinson's best sheepshears
J. and H. Sorby's best ditto ditto
Norway rag stones
Best hemp woolpacks
Three-bushel bags
Straight and bent needles
Sewing twine
Lump raddle
Blue stone
Corrosive sublimate.
T. WOOLLEY
6769 George and King streets.

TARPAULINS.

ON SALE, at the Stores of the undersigned,—
Tarpaulin Canvas, the full width required for covering a dray, without seams, 140 and 144 inches wide
Ditto, 50 inches
WILLIAM WALKER AND CO
Fort-street. 6698

COLONIAL
NEGROHEAD AND CAVENDISH
TOBACCO.

THE best brands in the Colony, always on sale at the stores of
MR. HENRY FERRIS,
Pitt-street,
Near the Victoria Theatre.
Sydney, October 18. 6687

BRAIDWOOD BACON.

JUST RECEIVED, about two tons of the above Bacon, cured by Mr. Andrew Badgery, and warranted superior to any imported.
ALSO,
A prime lot of Herrings, in barrels and half-barrels, at
JOHN STIRLING'S,
6681 559, George-street.

BUTTER! BUTTER!! BUTTER!!!
STILL FURTHER REDUCTION IN
BUTTER.

THE celebrated RABY fresh Roll Butter, 1s. 3d. per lb.—one shilling and three-pence per lb.
Camden Park fresh Roll Butter, 1s. 2d.—one shilling and two-pence per lb.
Camden do., do., do., 1s. 2d. per lb.
Wollongong fresh Butter, 1s. 2d. per lb.
Wollongong salt Butter, from 9d. (nine-pence) to 1s. (one shilling) per lb.
At A. DAVY'S,
City Tea Mart,
550, George-street.
☞ *Observe, Pagoda Lamp* over the business door.
6743 *Opposite* the Bank of Australasia.

CHEESE! CHEESE! CHEESE!

AMERICAN CHEESE (very prime) and *cheap*
Superior Bathurst Cheese
On sale at
A. DAVY'S
City Tea Mart,
550, George-street.
☞ *Observe* the Pagoda Lamp over the *business door*. 6744

SARDINES! SARDINES!! SARDINES!!!
JUST LANDED,
IN SUPERIOR CONDITION AND FRESH.

550 TINS SARDINES, *a la Huile*, all sizes.
For sale, at the lowest possible remunerative prices,
At A. DAVY'S,
City Tea Mart,
550, George-street.
☞ Observe, the Pagoda Lamp over the business door.
Opposite the Bank of Australasia. 6744

THE CARGO of the LILLIAS landing
Flour
Wheat
Biscuit.
JAMES COOK,
Circular Quay.
October 18. 6582

EX ANTARES.

FOR SALE at the Stores of the undersigned,—
Van Diemen's Land wheat
Ditto ditto Cape barley
Ditto ditto English barley
Ditto ditto kangaroo skins (dressed and undressed).
GEORGE SMALL,
6738 4, Jamison-street.

DERWENT POTATOES.
EX WILLIAM,
900 BAGS.

ONLY 263 bags now remain unsold, and private families and dealers are reminded that this will be the last cargo this season, and should the above small parcel get into the hands of the wholesale dealers, little less than £9 per ton will be charged, as was the case last summer. Apply on board the William, at the Albion Wharf, or to the undersigned.
JAMES COOK.
Circular Wharf, October 17. 6583

BARLEY AND WHEAT.

THE undersigned is a cash buyer of Barley (English or Cape), and Wheat.
HENRY FISHER,
Glenmore Distillery.
October 9.

N.B.—Address Henry Fisher, *Distiller*, 337, George-street, Sydney. 6030

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JUST LANDED,
EX NERBUDDA,
AND ON SALE AT THE STORES OF THE UNDERSIGNED—

20 HALF-BARRELS RED HERRINGS
20 Half-barrels white herrings
16 Bales corks, wine, beer, pint, top, and phial
10 Hogsheads Campbelltown whiskey, 11 O.P.
Woolpacks, 9½lbs.
Sheet lead, 3, 4, 5, and 6 lb.
Tobacco pipes, in small cases.
GEORGE SMALL,
6737 4, Jamison-street.

SEED MAIZE.

SEED MAIZE of a superior description
Feed Oats, 3s. per bushel
Barley, 3s. per ditto
Derwent potatoes, the finest sample imported (cheap)
Green Lucerne hay (10 tons)
Hobart Town oat hay (20 ditto)
Corn, bran, hay and straw, of all kinds
Dealers and large buyers will find always at the subscriber's, a large stock, and the cheapest store in Sydney for Corn Chandlery.
JOHN FEARNLEY,
Corn Dealer, &c.,
Lower George-street.
10 Tons pearl barley and oatmeal, fresh made in barter for any sort of agricultural produce, Colonial or Van Diemen's Land. 6330

OATS v. MAIZE.

DURING the scarcity of maize the undersigned offers his beautiful samples of Feeding Oats. They come cheaper than Maize, and are a much stronger food.
On sale at the Stores of
HENRY FERRIS,
Pitt-street, near the Theatre.
October 15. 6424

30,000 FEET TWEED CEDAR.

NOW LANDING, ex Juliet, Rodgers, master, suitable for export
Cedar in boards, and hardwood in any quantity
Coals delivered to any part of the town, as usual.
L. R. THRELKELD, Jun.,
6419 Bathurst-street Wharf

COTTAGE AND FURNITURE,
THE PROPERTY OF A PERSON LEAVING THE COLONY.

THE undersigned is instructed to offer for Private Sale, the complete Furniture of a Cottage, comprising every requisite for a small family. Also the unexpired lease of the Cottage, situate in Prince-street North.
GEORGE A. LLOYD,
Auctioneer
City Mart, 474, George-street,
Sydney, October 20. 6737

TO BE DISPOSED OF, A BARGAIN.

A VERY good, lucrative, and profitable business, suitable for a person of a small capital, and of every days' consumption. Now in full work and operation, making upwards of one hundred gross of good lucifer matches, wax lights, and fusees per week.
For further particulars, (if by letter, post-paid,) enquire of Mr. E. J. Cory, Solicitor, 45, Hunter-street, Sydney.
October 10. 6142

A FIRST-RATE CHANCE FOR ANY PARTY WISHING TO EMBARK IN THE FANCY TRADE, AT A VERY TRIFLING OUTLAY.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

THE whole of the late Stock-in-Trade of Mr. Jefferson, Hunter-street, consisting of a very extensive and varied assortment of Toys, Bone and Ivory Turnery, Cricket Bats, Balls, &c., &c; together with possession and good-will of the premises, at the present very low rental.
The above may be viewed on application to the undersigned.
An approved bill at three months' date would not be objected to.
T. S. MORT,
6725 Auctioneer.

BUILDING ALLOTMENTS IN THE CITY.

FOR SALE, a corner Allotment, with frontages to Argyle and Windmill streets, opposite the "Whaler's Arms" Inn, near the gateway leading to Moore's Wharf, Miller's Point.
Also, an Allotment on the Surry Hills, with an extensive frontage to Faveaux-street, between the "Cockatoo Inn" and Mr. P. Hanslow's property.
Both of these Allotments are eligibly situated.
For particulars apply to Mr. Rattray, Bathurst-street. 6696

FAT CATTLE.

ON SALE by the undersigned, 69 head Fat Cattle.
May be seen upon application to Thomas Smith, at the Red Cow, St. Mary's.
6658 T. S. MORT.

WOOL AND SHEEPSKINS.

THE undersigned are Cash purchasers of the above.
J. T. ARMITAGE AND CO.,
King-street, November 16. 7881

WOOL, TALLOW, &c.

THE undersigned will make advances on Wool, Tallow, Hides, &c., shipped to London.
L. AND S. SPYER,
Lower George-street.
October 8. 5946

SUMS OF MONEY TO BE LENT:—
£200
£300
£100
£350
£500
£1,000
£2,000
Enquire of Mr. O'Reilly, Solicitor, King-street, for William Nash, Esq. 6684

JAMES M'CLARE.

THE above-named individual who left Sydney in 1847, to fill the situation of Stockkeeper at the Darling Downs, and has not since been heard of by his Sydney friends, is requested to communicate his address to Ellen M'Clare, Post Office, Sydney; and any intelligence respecting him will be thankfully received by addressing as above. 6692

NOTICE.

SINGLETON.—The Subscribers to the *Sydney Morning Herald* are hereby informed, that Mr. Thomas Horn, Postmaster of Singleton, is no longer authorised to receive subscriptions, &c.; he having declined the agency of this Journal. Until further notice the accounts will be forwarded by post, direct from Sydney, and the subscribers are urged to send remittances direct also, to avoid proceedings.
KEMP AND FAIRFAX,
Proprietors.
Herald Office, October 1.

NOTICE.

IT is requested that all accounts against the ship Sea may be furnished in duplicate to the undersigned, by 12 o'clock, on Monday next.
SMITH, BROTHERS, AND CO.,
6714 Sussex-street.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my wife, Mary England, having been subpœned from Moreton Bay to attend the Sydney Court of Quarter Sessions, of September 1849, and not having yet returned to her home. I hereby caution the public generally that I will not be answerable for any debts that she may contract.
JAMES ENGLAND,
Ipswich, Moreton Bay.
October 16. 6652

BARQUE VICTORY.

SHIPPERS by this vessel are requested to send in Bills of Lading and pass their entries *immediately*, and all accounts must be rendered in duplicate by noon on Monday, 22nd instant, to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
Agents.
October 19. 6766

TO CARPENTERS AND JOINERS.

PARTIES intending to contract for *work to be done* in the erection of Ebenezer Chapel, Riley-street, Riley Estate, South Head Road, may see plans and specifications on application to Mr. Thomas Cooper, Grocer, Botany Road, on or before the 26th instant.
N.B.—Not bound to accept the lowest tender. 6706

CHEMICAL PUPIL.

REQUIRED by the undersigned, a Young Gentleman, about seventeen years of age, of good education and character, to assist in the various processes of Chemical Manipulation. For further particulars apply personally to
J. S. NORRIE,
6012 Practical Chemist, Pitt-street.

TO PARENTS.

WANTED, a respectable Youth to assist in the Drapery Business. Apply to
JOHN HORDERN,
6736 Nottingham House, Charlotte-place.

TO SHIPWRIGHTS.

WANTED, two Shipwrights to proceed to the Tweed River to repair a wreck. Apply to Mr. J. S. Hanson, Bathurst-street Wharf.
October 20. 6719

TO DRAPERS.

WANTED, a Salesman, well acquainted with his business. Colonial experience preferred. Apply by letter to T.D., *Herald* Office. 6753

A FEMALE COOK wanted. Apply to Mrs. Bowan, No. 2, Gloucester-terrace, Macquarie-street South. 6688

A GOOD LAUNDRESS may hear of employment, by applying at 567, George-street. Respectable references required. 6694

£20 REWARD.

WHEREAS, on or about the month of June, 1838, I placed in the Bank of New South Wales for security, one tin cash box containing Title Deeds of property, and other Documents, the Title Deeds being a Mortgage on property belonging to Mr. F. J. King.
The above reward will be paid to any person delivering the said box and contents to Mr. G. D. Webb, at the Office of Smith, Brothers, and Co., Sussex-street.
6422 A. B. SMITH.

ROBBERY AND REWARD.

FOUR POUNDS Sterling Reward will be given by Mr. Jonson, of No. 70, Hunter-street, Sydney, for any information that may lead to the recovery of a Lady's Gold Watch, a Gold Curb Chain, and a Carpet Bag containing Wearing Apparel, which were stolen, about seven or eight o'clock P.M., on the 13th instant, from his house.
A further reward will be given to any member of the police force whose vigilance will be successfully exerted in this affair. 6690

TO POUNDKEEPERS AND OTHERS.

LOST from Yass, a pair of Chestnut Carriage Horses, both of them sixteen hands high, white hind feet, one branded WH on the shoulder, and the other branded AP on the shoulder, speck on eye. Any person delivering them to the undersigned will receive a reward of two pounds sterling.
CHARLES QUAIL.
Globe Hotel, Yass, October 12. 6482

TO TIMBER MERCHANTS AND SAWYERS.

TO BE LET, with liberty to cut the Timber, for such term as may be agreed upon, 1700 ACRES of the KINGSGROVE ESTATE, situate within eight miles of Sydney, off the Liverpool Road, and abounding with Timber available for all purposes. Robert Gardiner, on the Estate, will point out the boundaries. Application to be made to Mr. E. P. LAYCOCK, Liverpool; or to Mr. John Rickards, George-street, Sydney. Immediate possession will be given to a tenant offering the value. 6604

TO LET,

A MERCANTILE Establishment, consisting of House and Store. Also, a small House of six rooms.

FOR SALE,
Balmain Property
Sheep in the South Country.
For particulars apply to J. B. Viles, Kent-street, Church-hill. 6712

TO LET, an Office, on the second floor of the House, 308, Pitt-street. Apply to
722 THURLOW AND GRANT.

TO LET, an extensive Three-story Store, at the rear of No. 423, George-street, adjoining the stores occupied by Mr. A. Dreutler. Enquire at Messrs. Bowen and Son's, Saddlers, No. 415, George-street; or of
6693 F. WILSON.

TO LET, a Parlour and one or two Bedrooms, in a private family. The situation is airy, and convenient to the business part of the town. Apply at the *Herald* Office. 6545

TO BE LET, a House in Elizabeth-street North, containing six rooms, kitchen, &c., and yard detached.
Also, a House in Pitt-street South, containing six rooms, kitchen, &c., and large yard. Apply to
W. WALLIS, Builder, &c.
October 19. 6598

HOUSE TO LET, in Bridge-street, lately occupied by A. Torning. Rent £90 per annum. Apply on the premises, or to
MR. MATTHEWS,
5966 589, George-street.

TO LET, Gill's Family Hotel, Pitt-street, together with the License and unexpired Lease of three and a half years.
The proprietor being obliged to retire from business on account of family illness, has resolved to part with his very eligible investment, and wishes to let his establishment, which is elegantly furnished, and in full operation of business, and commands a first-rate connexion. The approaching season ensures a certain return from the numerous up-country gentlemen who favour M. Gill with their support.
If the premises are not let, the lease, furniture, stock-in-trade, &c., will be sold by public auction.
Apply on the premises, to the proprietor.

FOR SALE.

Those very DESIRABLE PREMISES, in the central part of the metropolis, comprising the Houses in George-street, now let to Mr. Foster, confectioner, and Mr. Murphy, tailor, producing £208 per annum, and lately thoroughly repaired.
These premises are *worthy the attention of capitalists.*
Apply to the proprietor, Martin Gill, Pitt-street; or to Messrs. Nichols and Williams, solicitors.
N.B.—Martin Gill requests that all parties to whom he is indebted will send in their accounts to Messrs. Nichols and Williams, solicitors, Sydney; and all who are indebted to him will pay to the said parties.
M. GILL,
6741 Hotel, Pitt-street.

TO BE SOLD OR LET,

THE commodious Dwelling-house in O'Connell-street, with Stores attached in Spring-street, either together or separate, now in the occupation of Messrs. Griffiths, Fanning, and Co., to whom application is to be made.
The dwelling-house is let at present to the 30th April next, but possession of the stores can be given in November. 6728

PUBLIC-HOUSE TO LET.

THAT old-established House known as the Redfern Inn, Redfern Estate, with beer engine, spirit fountain, &c. For particulars apply to Mr. James Chambers, on the premises; or to Mr. H. F. O'Donnell, Kent and Market streets. 6709

PUBLIC HOUSE TO LET.

A PUBLIC HOUSE TO LET (on moderate terms), a few miles from Sydney, doing a good business, and a first-rate stand for increasing business.
The fixtures, good-will, &c., together with the present business, can be ascertained on application to Mr. J. Spinks, sign of the White Hart, Clarence street, corner of King-street West.
To an active man of moderate capital, an opportunity now presents which seldom offers.
October 15. 6404

TO LET, AT WAVERLY.

THAT splendid MANSION and Grounds known as the Waverly Hotel, containing every requisite for a first-rate family. For particulars apply to Mr. Wood, on the premises; or, to Mr. Wallis, Builder, Elizabeth-street North. 6230

TO LET, at Newtown, near Erskineville, a Verandah Cottage, containing four rooms, kitchen, and servants' room. Also, three smaller Houses.
Enquire of Mrs. Steel, on the premises; or of
JOSEPH SLY,
6706 No. 195, Pitt-street.

THE "SUGAR LOAF INN," CANTERBURY.

TO LET, the above inn, now in full trade, and immediate possession. Rent nominal to a good tenant. Incoming—value of license only. The house in first-rate condition, and a capital stand.
Apply to ROBERT ORAM, Land and Commission Agent, 180, King and Elizabeth streets. 6754

PREMISES TO LET, about four miles from Sydney, suitable for Tanners, Curriers, Leather Dressers, Fellmongers, Starch or Gluemakers, or a Boiling-down Establishment.
Also, a Cottage, with six acres of land, if required.
Apply to Mr. Hayes, Dyer, 219, Castlereagh-street. 6573

TO BE LET, the Brewing premises at Windsor, for some years occupied by Mr. Cadell.
For particulars apply by letter to Mr. Alfred Cox, Windsor. 6274

TO BE LET, the Farm of Toongabbee, belonging to Major D. Wentworth, comprising about 2150 acres, divided into suitable paddocks, situate about four miles from Parramatta, on the north side of the Western Road leading from that town to Penrith, together with the dwelling-house, outbuildings, steam engine, and steaming apparatus erected thereon. The whole will be let to one tenant, or the two paddocks next the Western Road, comprising about 988 acres, may be let separately. Apply to William Macpherson, Macquarie-street, Sydney. Mr. William Fullager, Star Inn, Western Road, will show the premises. 6609

SALES BY AUCTION.

SATURDAY'S SALE.

MR. STUBBS will sell by public auction, at the Mart, King-street,
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20,
At Eleven o'clock precisely,
An excellent assortment of Household Furniture, consisting of—
Cheffoniers, chests of drawers, tables, chairs, sofas, beds and bedsteads, dressing glasses, fowling pieces, American clocks, and sundries too numerous to particularise.
Terms, cash. 6734

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

MR. GEORGE PICKERING has received instructions from the proprietor, who is going to California, to sell by auction, on the premises, Ann's-place, Kent-street South,
THIS DAY,
At 11 o'clock,
The whole of the household furniture, glassware, delph, pots, pans, buckets, tubs, beds and bedding, &c., &c.
Terms, cash. 6730

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.
TO INDUSTRIOUS MEN OF SMALL CAPITAL.

THOMAS HURLEY has received instructions from the present proprietor, who is leaving the colony, to sell without reserve, on the premises, Parramatta-street, one door from the Albert Inn,
ON MONDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 22,
At 11 o'clock,
One horse harness, and spring cart, household furniture, 20 gross of ginger beer bottles, and all the apparatus connected with a ginger beer and cordial manufactory.
Terms - Cash. 6748

HORSES,
OPEN PHAETONS,
TANDEM HARNESS,
BOYS' PONIES.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his Stables, in York-street,
THIS DAY,
At 11 o'clock,
A superior saddle horse, by The Colonel
A stout cob, thoroughly broken
A very fine Cleveland mare, broken to draught
Two Timor ponies (one a mare), broken to ride
Two town ponies (one Welsh)
One very excellent gig and saddle horse, a leader in tandem
Flying Fox, the race horse
Cantatrice, a beautiful filly, by Cantator
Four colts, all partly broken
Gig horse, with gig and harness
And
Several other horses
Also,
Two imported open single-horse phaetons
Suit of English tandem harness
Dray, baker's cart, gig and carriage harness, &c. 6727

HOODED PHAETON,
DOUBLE HARNESS,
CARRIAGE HORSES.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his Stables, in York-street,
THIS DAY,
At 11 o'clock,
A handsome hooded phaeton, very little used, and adapted for one horse or a pair
A pair of carriage horses
And,
A suit of carriage harness.
☞ In one lot or separately. 6726

SEPTIMUS.

MR. STEWART will sell by auction, at his Stables, in York-street,
THIS DAY,
At 12 o'clock,
SEPTIMUS, the well-known roan horse, by Septimus, out of Mr. Smith's Camerton mare. He is five years old; he won the two-year old stakes at Maitland; won the hurdle race there; won a purse of £25 at Petersham; and has been victor in two matches. 6725

CONTINUATION SALE OF DRAPERY, FANCY GOODS, AND SLOPS.

MR. JOHN RICKARDS
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON TUESDAY,
At 11 o'clock.

THE whole of the Goods not disposed of on Friday. Also, those landed To-day from the Sir Edward Paget, consisting of the most saleable portion of those advertised.
The Undermentioned valuable assortment of seasonable drapery, fancy goods, slops, haberdashery, from the house of Ellis and Everington, Caldecott and Co., Bradbury, Grestonex and Beal, and George Brettle and Co.
Two bales imitation Welsh and Saxony flannel
Two ditto 72-inch grey domestics
Two ditto 36-inch ditto ditto
Two ditto 30 and 32-inch ditto ditto
Three ditto 36-inch Horrock's long cloth
Two ditto 34 inch medium shirtings
Two ditto 9-8 super calicoes
One ditto 9-8 Croydon and Aberdeen dowlas
Two cases 9-8 printed muslins
One ditto 9-8 Balzorene ditto and de laines
Two ditto Madonna and Jenny Lind dresses
One ditto embroidered Alpaca dresses
One ditto black watered and damask silks, fancy gros de naps, black and coloured silk mantles, visites
One ditto ladies' fancy silk neck ties and handkerchiefs
One ditto men's fancy silk handkerchiefs
One ditto sash, bonnet, and gauze ribbons
Two ditto jaconet check and book muslins
One ditto lace check and Swiss muslin dresses
Two ditto green and blue checked lenos
Two ditto white and coloured linings
Two ditto corded petticoats
One case gent's haircord, and cambric cravats
One case 8-4 and 10-4 damasks
Two bales 9-4 and 10 counterpanes
One ditto 11-4 and 12-4 super ditto
One ditto 11-4 chintz and coronation ditto and toilet quilts
One case printed table covers and damask cloths
One case fringed toilet covers
Two cases assorted lace goods, in white and black lace veils and falls, women's and children's cap lace, edgings, tattings, whisker blonds, goffered quillings, silk and cotton fancy nets, lace caps, crotchet collars, habit shirts, &c., &c.
Two cases 4-4 black and coloured Orleans cloths and Alpacas
Two cases 14 inch 4-4 and 5-4 patent black crape
One case ladies' black, pearl, and coloured silk gloves, drab and coloured kid
Men's straw, white, and coloured kid, thread, and town made Berlin
Two cases drab and miller's drab moleskins
One bale fancy regatta shirtings
Two bales Scotch twill ditto
Two cases men's brown and coloured half hose
One ditto ditto double end cotton braces
One ditto women and children's assorted hosiery
Two ditto brown silk and gingham umbrellas
Two bales heavy Scotch twill shirts
Three cases double stitched moleskin trousers
One ditto single ditto ditto ditto
One ditto satin tollenet and fancy vests
One ditto Glengarry caps and southwesters
ditto assorted haberdashery in black and white cotton tapes, silk and worsted braids, plated hooks and eyes, bronze sporting buttons, 8 doubles and galloons, 10d. and 12d. black sarsnet ribbons, men's snake belts, boys' patent leather belts, cap springs, pearl and spangle buttons, Tuscan binding, &c., &c.
Mr. Rickards, in calling the attention of the trade, to the above assortment of goods, begs to state they have been selected by a competent buyer in the London and Manchester markets; and as the whole will be sold without reserve, affords an excellent opportunity to drapers, storekeepers, country buyers, and shippers to New Zealand and California, of laying in a variety of useful and seasonable goods.
Terms liberal at sale. 6771

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
28 PACKAGES
OF
CHOICE SUMMER DRAPERY.

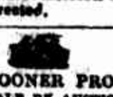
MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Has received instructions from
THE IMPORTER,
To sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 24,
At 11 o'clock,

THE undermentioned splendid assortment of really first-rate and seasonable Goods:—
Handsome muslin dresses
Ditto delaines and balzorines
Ditto white checked muslins
White and coloured lenoes
7-8 handsome summer prints
5-4 ditto Hoyle's ditto
7-8 and 5-4 navy blues
7-8 black and whites
4-4 Earlston ginghams
36-inch white longcloths
9-8 supers
36-inch Wigan ducks
33-inch Croydon dowlas
33 to 36-inch brown shirtings
72 inch grey and white sheetings
Stout cotton ticks
Ditto apron checks
Ditto drab moleskins
Imitation Welsh flannels
Super black cotton velvet
White and coloured rolled jaconets
Black and coloured Coburgs and Orleans
4-4 rough and dressed hollands
8 out navy duck
Women's white and black cotton hose
Men's brown cotton half-hose
Stout cotton braces
Superior India rubber ditto
White and striped worsted Guernseys
Blue serge shirts all wool
Fine white shirts, linen fronts, &c.
Ditto fancy regattas
Stout Scotch twill
Double stitched moleskin trousers
Single ditto ditto
Drab and black casimere ditto
Brown holland blouses
Fancy shooting coats
Tweed and cloth paletots
CANVAS AND DUCK TROUSERS
White satteen stays
Boys' fancy cloth caps
Men's navy ditto
6-4 and 8-4 printed oil-cloth table-covering
4-4 circular cloths
Boys' and men's belts
FANCY GOODS.
Brown silk parasols
Fancy ditto ditto
Brown and fancy gingham ditto
Gingham umbrellas
Tuscan and Dunstable bonnets
Ditto ditto hats
Lace goods, in great variety
Sewn ditto ditto
Habits, white, light, and coloured kid gloves
Gents' ditto ditto ditto
Ditto handsome fancy bands
Ditto rich brocaded ditto
Ditto ditto printed corahs
Imitation corahs
Ladies' fancy silk ties
Ditto ditto shawls and turnovers
Handsome bredes
Fancy bonnet and cap ribbons
French cap flowers
Whisker blonds and laces
Black and white falls
Habit shirts and collars
Coloured and white reel cotton
Marshall's patent thread
Ditto white linen thread, in skeins
Haberdashery, in great variety
WOOLPACKS.
500 Woolpacks, 10lbs.
50 Bundles sewing twine
20 Ditto roping ditto
The whole of the above goods are landed, and may be inspected the day previous to sale.
Terms at sale. 5729

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALES.

NOTICE.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON, Auctioneer, begs to acquaint the Merchants, Storekeepers, Settlers, &c., of New South Wales, that he has taken those commodious premises known as
ALEXANDER'S REPOSITORY, PITT-STREET,
where it is his intention to hold Weekly Sales of Colonial Produce, and trusts that, from the accommodation which will be afforded both to the vendors and purchasers, that he may be favoured with a continuance of the patronage of his friends, to whose interests his utmost attention shall be directed. 5925



THE SCHOONER PROBITY,
FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Has received instructions from the builder,
MR. W. H. CHOWNE,
To sell by auction, at his Rooms,
ON TUESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 23,
At twelve o'clock,

THE fine fast-sailing schooner PROBITY,
About 75 tons burthen, copper-fastened, and built of the very best materials.
This vessel is admirably adapted for the California trade, being a good sea boat, a very fast sailer, and of light draught of water; and there is little doubt but she would clear herself with cargo and passengers from hence to California. She is now at Davis' Wharf,
WHERE SHE CAN BE INSPECTED.
TERMS:
Half cash on the fall of the hammer, and the residue by an approved and endorsed bill, at three months. 6656

FOURTEEN ROLLS LEAD,
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
EX SECRET, HUTCHINSON, MASTER, FROM LONDON,
DAMAGED BY SEA WATER.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
WILL sell by auction, at the Circular Wharf,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 22,
At 11 o'clock,
X 1 | 10 10 Rolls 4lb. Lead
11 | 12 2 Ditto 3½lb. ditto
13 | 14 2 Ditto 5lb. ditto
Terms, cash. 6762

TO SPIRIT MERCHANTS, PUBLICANS, &c.

FIVE PUNCHEONS AND TWENTY-FIVE HOGSHEADS SUPERIOR B. P. RUM.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At 12 o'clock,
Without any reserve,
FIVE PUNCHEONS SUPERIOR B. P. RUM.
Twenty-five hogsheads ditto ditto
In lots to suit purchasers.
Terms at sale. 6763

THIRTY COILS ASSORTED EUROPE ROPE.
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At eleven o'clock,
Thirty coils Europe rope, assorted, from 1½ to 5 inches
Terms at sale. 6764

SUNDRY ISLAND TRADE, CURIOSITIES, SHELLS, MATS, &c.
LANDED EX MINERVA.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
WILL sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At 11 o'clock,
Sundry Island trade
Curiosities, shells, mats, &c.
Terms—Cash. 6758

JUST LANDED, EX SECRET,
A SMALL ASSORTMENT OF CHOICE SUMMER WINES, CHAMPAGNE, SPARKLING HOCK, AND MOSELLE, STILL HOCK, AND CLARET.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
IS instructed by the Importers to sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At twelve o'clock,
A small assortment of choice Summer Wines, shipped as samples by an eminent London House, and consisting of
28 Baskets, each one dozen, champagne, branded "Thomassin"
12 Cases, ditto, fine ditto, branded "Druart"
12 Ditto, ditto, sparkling Moselle, branded "Burgaff"
12 Ditto, ditto, sparkling hock, ditto
2 Ditto, each three dozen, still hock, branded "Ornicher"
24 Ditto, each one dozen, claret, branded "St. Julien."
The Auctioneer solicits the attention of the trade and hotel-keepers, &c., to the sale of the above small parcel of seasonable Wines, being of a quality and description rarely shipped for this market.
Terms at sale. 6765

MASDEU.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
WILL sell by auction, at his rooms, George-street,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At 12 o'clock,
Five pipes }
Seven half-pipes } Superior Masdeu wine
Ten quarter-pipes }
Terms at sale. 6757

GLOVES.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON will sell by Auction, at his rooms, George-street, on
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24,
At 11 o'clock,
40 dozen pairs best mock drab gloves
6 dozen pairs drab Norway doe ditto
Terms—Cash 6759

COLOURED SKINS,
ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,
More or less damaged.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24,
At 11 o'clock,
TWO cases coloured Skins consisting of,—
Bronze, black, green, and drab morocco
Enamelled and striped seal
Plain goat bindings and linings
Coloured hatter's skivers
Japanned goats, enamelled shoe, &c.
Terms, cash. 6760

ASSORTED BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

MR. EDWARD SALAMON
Will sell by auction, at his Rooms, George-street,
ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24,
At 11 o'clock,
THREE Cases assorted Boots, Shoes, &c., consisting of,—
Wellington, Clarence, and Blucher Boots
Men's lace, tie, and dress shoes
Women's cloth and lasting boots
Women's lasting, enamelled, patent, and cordovan shoes, &c.
Terms at sale. 6761

TO BUILDERS, AND PARTIES PROCEEDING TO CALIFORNIA.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, on the Premises, O'Connell-street, adjoining the residence of John Smith, Esq.,
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20,
At 12 o'clock precisely,
All the Messuage and Tenement as it now stands, to be taken away at the expense of the purchaser.
Terms—Cash. 6778

IMPORTANT UNRESERVED SALE.

DRIED FRUITS AND GROCERIES.

NOW LANDING, EX SIR EDWARD PAGET.

TO GROCERS, SHIPPERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN
Has received instructions from the importers, to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 480, George street,
ON TUESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 23,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
10 CAROTEELS CURRANTS
9 Barrels Chesme raisins
50 Boxes muscatels } Layers
50 Half-boxes ditto }
50 Drums Smyrna figs
4 Boxes Jordan almonds
6 Bags Barcelona nuts
6 Casks walnuts
2 Bales shell almonds
5 Casks prunes
2 Cases solassi juice
10 Cases blue
10 Cases starch
2 Casks alum
2 Cases Windsor soap
Terms at sale. 6677

TOBACCO IN BOND.

TO SHIPPERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.

JOHN G. COHEN
Will sell by auction, at the Stores of E. H. Pollard, Esq., Queen's-place,
ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 24,
At 11 o'clock precisely.
POLLARD'S BONDED STORE.
TOBACCO IN BOND.
15 KEGS FRESH NEGROHEAD, ex Montauk
12 ditto ditto, ex Albion
25 ditto ditto, ex Ganges.
After which,
AT POLLARD'S FREE STORE,
To close an account.
TO SPIRIT MERCHANTS, PUBLICANS, AND OTHERS, REQUIRING GOOD SOUND WINE FOR BOTTLING, OR FOR HARVEST PURPOSES.
7 Hogsheads } Hunt's single diamond Port,
3 Quarters } ex Olinda
6 Hogsheads } Port Wine, ex Catherine Jamison
20 Quarters }
2 Pipes }
7 Hogsheads } Spanish Port
7 Quarters }
6 Butts brown Sherry
10 Quarters fine old London Teneriffe
30 Cases excellent old Sherry, 2 and 3 dozen
30 Cases Chateau Margaux, first quality
93 Cases Closson's pale Brandy, proof, 1 doz. each
10 Puncheons of B.P. Rum, 4 O.P.
5 Hogsheads Cooper's old Colonial Rum, 28 O.P.
10 Hogsheads Porter
20 Casks bottled Ale and Porter
5 Cwt. Bacon
10 Tubs Butter
One hundred bags Maize, &c., &c.
Terms liberal—at sale. 6756

MONDAY, OCTOBER 22.

LINEN THREAD, MAVOR'S SPELLING BOOKS, READY RECKONERS, MAPS AND CHARTS.

TO CLOSE AN ACCOUNT.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 22,
At 11 o'clock,
12 Dozen lbs. linen thread
50 Mavor's Spelling Books
100 Ready reckoners
58 Maps and Charts
Terms, cash. 6704

MONDAY, OCTOBER 22.

TO GROCERS, DEALERS, AND OTHERS.
THE STOCK OF A GROCER LEAVING FOR CALIFORNIA.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 22,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
96 Bags Taal sugar
38 Chests tea, green and black, different chops
Mustard, pickles, bottled fruits
Cheese, butter, peas
Carraway seeds, spices, pepper
Cigars, tobacco, pearl barley
Soap, candles, rice
Counter scales and weights
Pair large scales, beam, triangle and weights
After which—
A superior horse, gig, and harness, saddle and bridle.
Terms—Cash. 6703

MONDAY, OCTOBER 22.

HOBART TOWN JAMS.

JUST LANDED, EX EMMA.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 22,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
18 CASES RASPBERRY JAM, in prime condition, made with English loaf sugar.
Terms at sale. 6702

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23.

DAMAGED CONGOU TEA.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction,
AT MILLER'S POINT WHARF,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
EX JULIA PERCY,
53 Chests congou tea slightly damaged
138 Half-chests ditto ditto ditto.
Terms at sale. 6701

PERFUMERY.

JUST LANDED, EX SECRET, FROM THE CELEBRATED HOUSE OF PHILLIPSON AND CO.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At 11 o'clock,
AB
P THREE CASES, containing a superior assortment of
Brown Windsor soap
Bears' marrow
Curling grease
Lavender water
Tooth powder
Marrow oil
Marking ink
Vegetable extract
Transparent shaving soap
Circassian cream
Perfumed sachets
Assorted perfumes for the handkerchief
Careen's essence, Macassar oil
Violet and mille fleur
Almond shaving cream
Bandoline, tablet soap
Pastiles
Powder subtil, &c., &c.
Terms at sale. 6659

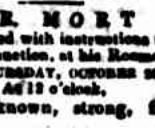
MR. H. A. GRAVES has received instructions to sell by auction,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 22,
At half-past 10 o'clock,
On the premises, situate in Hunter-street, two doors from Phillip-street, without reserve, the proprietor leaving for California.
The whole of the Shop Goods, comprising handsome ornaments in variety, an assortment of glass and crockeryware, brass candlesticks, dressed dolls and toys of all sorts, and a general assortment of small wares, scales and weights, glass cases, counter and shop fittings, &c.
Also,
The Household Furniture and Effects, consisting of chest of drawers, sofa, chairs, tables, meat safe, clocks, kitchen utensils, and other sundries too numerous to enumerate.
Terms, cash. 6733

100 HORSES,
THE PROPERTY OF ROBERT FITZGERALD, ESQ., M.L.C.

THE above number of Horses will be brought to the hammer,
BY MR. ARMSTRONG,
At his Repository,
ABOUT THE LATTER END OF NOVEMBER NEXT.
The superiority of the RF brand requires no commendation from the Auctioneer, it is so well known to all persons who really have use for powerful cart and carriage horses—some of the best horses working on the Sydney wharfs and in the Government employment are from this stud. The present lot will be down in time to be ready for work at the commencement of the SYDNEY AND PARRAMATTA RAILROAD. 6680

ENGLISH VEGETABLE, FRUIT, AND FLOWER SEEDS.
FROM THE CELEBRATED SEEDSMAN, MR. DUNCAN HAIRS, ST. MARTIN'S LANE, LONDON.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 23,
At half-past 11 o'clock,
32 PACKAGES, containing a complete assortment of the best English Vegetable Seeds, including peas, beans, scarlet runners, asparagus, red beet, Brussels sprouts, brocoli cabbage, carrot, cauliflower, celery, lettuce, onions, parsley, mustard, cress, &c., &c.
32 PACKAGES, each, perennial and annual Flower Seeds, including Auriculas, Sweetwilliam, Wallflower, Hollyhock, Pansy, Carnation, Snapdragon, Violet, Sweetpea, Mignonette, Larkspur, Convolvulus, China Aster, Balsams, Cockscombs, &c.
31 PACKAGES FRUIT SEEDS, including Apple, Pear, Apricot, Strawberry, Gooseberry, Currant, Cherry, &c.
Terms, cash. 6680



THE FINE FIRST-CLASS BRIG
SOPHIA,
150 TONS REGISTER.

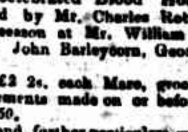
MR. MORT
Has been favoured with instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25,
At 12 o'clock,
THE well-known, strong, first-class Brig
SOPHIA,
150 Tons Register,
or,
250 TONS BURTHEN.
This superior vessel is now in excellent condition, and may be viewed by intending purchasers at Miller's Point Wharf (late Moore's).
For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer.
Terms at sale. 6694

THE WELLINGTON DISTRICT.

THE STATION OF "GUNNING," SITUATE CLOSE TO THE LACHLAN RIVER, ADJOINING THE WELL-KNOWN STATIONS OF MR. RANKEN AND DR. RAMSAY.
Together with
A DAIRY HERD OF 660 HEAD.

MR. MORT
Has instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, George-street, on
MONDAY, OCTOBER 29,
At twelve o'clock,
THE above-mentioned property, of which the following are the particulars:—
THE STATION
of "Gunning" is undoubtedly a first-rate one, and possessed of abundant pasturage of the most fattening description for
AT LEAST 2000 CATTLE.
It is splendidly watered by a large and never-failing lagoon
KNOWN AS THE GUNNING LAGOON,
which is amply supplied in all seasons; and also by the Billybong Creek, which latter runs through its centre. There is a large extent of back country, and fat stock may be got off the run all the year round.
THE IMPROVEMENTS
are most complete and comfortable, viz.:—
Excellent cottage, with glass windows, and plastered inside
Men's huts and good store
Large dairy
Good garden
New stockyard for 2000 head, with milking yards, bails, &c.
THE CATTLE
are exceedingly quiet and well bred, being a complete dairy herd, and from 60 to 80 head always milking.
There is every requisite upon the station for carrying on an extensive dairy, and the dairy is now in active and profitable operation. All the dairy utensils, together with the implements, stores, &c., besides four stock horses, saddles and bridles, &c.
WILL BE GIVEN IN.
☞ The present proprietor being actively engaged in business pursuits in Sydney is unwillingly compelled to relinquish the above property. The opportunity here presented to any one wanting an extensive fattening station with only a small lot of cattle, and where he can at once embrace a comfortable home, with a remunerative business attached, is one which the auctioneer feels bound to say can seldom be met with. It is within easy reach of the post town of Canowindra, and the country and district is most delightful in every respect.
THE SALE WILL BE POSITIVE.
Terms—on application to the Auctioneer.

Sheriff's Office,
Sydney, 18th October, 1849.
IN THE SUPREME COURT.
NEWTON AND ANOTHER v. RAY.
ON Saturday, this day, the 20th inst., at noon, at the residence of defendant, Church-street, Parramatta, the Sheriff will cause to be sold the stock-in-trade of a tailor, also shop fittings, &c., unless this execution be previously satisfied.
CORNELIUS PROUT,
6663 Under Sheriff.



COLONEL.

THIS celebrated Blood Horse, imported by Mr. Charles Roberts, will stand this season at Mr. William Gosper's, sign of Sir John Barleycorn, George-street, Windsor.
Terms.—£2 2s. each Mare, groomage included—payments made on or before the 1st January, 1850.
Pedigree and further particulars may be obtained from Mr. William Gosper.
Windsor, October 2. 5883

Printed and Published by CHARLES KEMP *and* JOHN FAIRFAX, *at the* Morning Herald *Printing Office, Lower George street, Sydney, New South Wales, Saturday, October 20, 1849.*